

LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA  
NINETY-SEVENTH LEGISLATURE  
SECOND SESSION

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 1092**

Introduced by Landis, 46

Read first time January 15, 2002

Committee: Banking, Commerce and Insurance

A BILL

1 FOR AN ACT relating to insurance; to amend sections 44-1527,  
2 44-1994, 44-2127, 44-2845, 44-32,161, 44-4834, 44-4842,  
3 44-4859, 44-5120, 44-5260, 44-5261, 44-5601, 44-5603,  
4 44-5814, 44-5815, and 44-6916, Reissue Revised Statutes  
5 of Nebraska, sections 44-787, 44-19,116, 44-5223,  
6 44-5225, 44-5246.02, 44-5504, 44-6901, 44-6915, 44-6918,  
7 44-7505, 44-7509, 44-7510, 44-7511, 44-7513, and 44-7515,  
8 Revised Statutes Supplement, 2000, and section 44-5503,  
9 Revised Statutes Supplement, 2001; to change provisions  
10 relating to investigations, settlement accounts, mergers,  
11 medical review panels, priority of claims, bonding  
12 requirements, securities, the Small Employer Health  
13 Insurance Availability Act, filing requirements,  
14 reinsurance, group health plans, and rates and forms; to  
15 require certification of coverage; to harmonize  
16 provisions; and to repeal the original sections.

17 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1           Section 1. Section 44-787, Revised Statutes Supplement,  
2   2000, is amended to read:

3           44-787. (1) All individual health insurance policies and  
4   contracts issued by health carriers providing benefits consisting  
5   of medical care, which are provided directly, through insurance or  
6   reimbursement, under any hospital or medical service policy,  
7   hospital or medical service plan contract, or health maintenance  
8   organization contract shall be renewable at the option of the  
9   covered individual, except in any of the following cases:

10           (a) The covered individual has failed to pay premiums or  
11   contributions in accordance with the terms of the individual policy  
12   or contract or the health carrier has not received timely premium  
13   payments;

14           (b) The covered individual has performed an act or  
15   practice that constitutes fraud or made an intentional  
16   misrepresentation of material fact under the terms of the coverage;

17           (c) A health carrier decides to discontinue offering a  
18   particular type of individual policy or contract in this state. A  
19   health carrier discontinuing such individual policy or contract  
20   shall:

21           (i) Provide advance notice of its decision to the  
22   commissioner of insurance in each state in which it is licensed;

23           (ii) Provide notice of the decision not to renew coverage  
24   to all covered individuals, and to the commissioner of insurance in  
25   each state in which a covered individual is known to reside, at  
26   least ninety days prior to the nonrenewal of any individual  
27   policies or contracts by the health carrier. Notice to the  
28   director shall be provided at least three working days prior to the

1 notice to the covered individuals;

2 (iii) Offer to each covered individual provided the type  
3 of individual policy or contract the option to purchase all other  
4 individual policies or contracts currently being offered by the  
5 health carrier to individuals in this state; and

6 (iv) In exercising the option to discontinue the  
7 particular type of individual policy or contract and in offering  
8 the option of coverage under subdivision (1)(c)(iii) of this  
9 section, act uniformly without regard to any health-status-related  
10 factor relating to any covered individual who may become eligible  
11 for such coverage;

12 (d) A health carrier decides to discontinue offering and  
13 nonrenews all its individual policies and contracts delivered or  
14 issued for delivery to individuals in this state. A health carrier  
15 that discontinues such individual policies and contracts shall:

16 (i) Provide advance notice of its decision to the  
17 commissioner of insurance in each state in which it is licensed;

18 (ii) Provide notice of the decision not to renew coverage  
19 to all covered individuals, and to the commissioner of insurance in  
20 each state in which a covered individual is known to reside, at  
21 least one hundred eighty days prior to the nonrenewal of any  
22 individual policies or contracts by the health carrier. Notice to  
23 the director shall be provided at least three working days prior to  
24 the notice to the covered individuals; and

25 (iii) Discontinue all health insurance issued or  
26 delivered for issuance in the state's individual market and not  
27 renew coverage under any individual policy or contract issued to an  
28 individual; and

1           (e) The director finds that the continuation of the  
2 coverage would:

3           (i) Not be in the best interests of the covered  
4 individuals; or

5           (ii) Impair the health carrier's ability to meet its  
6 contractual obligations.

7           (2) A health carrier that elects not to renew all of its  
8 individual policies or contracts in the state under subdivision  
9 (1)(d) of this section shall be prohibited from writing new  
10 business in the individual market in this state for a period of  
11 five years after the date of notice to the director.

12           (3) A health carrier offering coverage through a network  
13 plan shall not be required to offer coverage or accept applications  
14 pursuant to subsection (1) of this section in the case of an  
15 individual who no longer resides, lives, or works in the service  
16 area of the health carrier or in an area for which the health  
17 carrier is authorized to do business, but only if coverage is  
18 terminated under this section uniformly without regard to any  
19 health-status-related factor of covered individuals.

20           (4) (a) Health carriers shall provide written  
21 certification of creditable coverage to individuals covered under  
22 an individual health insurance policy or contract at the time:

23           (i) An individual ceases to be covered under the health  
24 insurance policy or contract; and

25           (ii) A request is made on behalf of an individual if the  
26 request is made not later than twenty-four months after the date of  
27 cessation of coverage.

28           (b) The certificate of creditable coverage shall contain:

1           (i) Written certification of the period of creditable  
2 coverage of the individual under the health insurance policy or  
3 contract; and

4           (ii) The waiting period, if any, and, if applicable,  
5 affiliation period imposed with respect to the individual for any  
6 coverage under the health insurance policy or contract.

7           (c) The entity providing the information pursuant to  
8 subdivision (4)(a) of this section may charge the requesting group  
9 health plan the reasonable cost of disclosing the information.

10           (5) For purposes of this section:

11           (a) Director means the Director of Insurance;

12           (b) Health carrier means any entity that issues a health  
13 insurance policy or contract, including an insurance company, a  
14 fraternal benefit society, a health maintenance organization, and  
15 any other entity providing a plan of health insurance or health  
16 benefits subject to state insurance regulation;

17           (c) Health-status-related factor means any of the  
18 following factors:

19           (i) Health status;

20           (ii) Medical condition, including both physical and  
21 mental illnesses;

22           (iii) Claims experience;

23           (iv) Receipt of health care;

24           (v) Medical history;

25           (vi) Genetic information;

26           (vii) Evidence of insurability, including conditions  
27 arising out of acts of domestic violence; and

28           (viii) Disability;

1           (d) (i) Individual policy or contract does not include one  
2 or more, or any combination, of the following:

3           (A) Coverage only for accident or disability income  
4 insurance, or any combination thereof;

5           (B) Coverage issued as a supplement to liability  
6 insurance;

7           (C) Liability insurance, including general liability  
8 insurance and automobile liability insurance;

9           (D) Workers' compensation or similar insurance;

10          (E) Automobile medical payment insurance;

11          (F) Credit-only insurance;

12          (G) Coverage for onsite medical clinics; and

13          (H) Other similar insurance coverage, specified in  
14 federal regulations, under which benefits for medical care are  
15 secondary or incidental to other insurance benefits.

16          (ii) Individual policy or contract does not include the  
17 following benefits if they are provided under a separate policy,  
18 certificate, or contract of insurance or are otherwise not an  
19 integral part of the policy or contract:

20           (A) Limited-scope dental or vision benefits;

21           (B) Benefits for long-term care, nursing home care, home  
22 health care, community-based care, or any combination thereof; and

23           (C) Such other similar, limited benefits as are specified  
24 in federal regulations.

25          (iii) Individual policy or contract does not include the  
26 following benefits if the benefits are provided under a separate  
27 policy, certificate, or contract of insurance:

28           (A) Coverage only for a specified disease or illness; and

1           (B) Hospital indemnity or other fixed indemnity  
2 insurance.

3           (iv) Individual policy or contract does not include the  
4 following if it is offered as a separate policy, certificate, or  
5 contract of insurance:

6           (A) Medicare supplemental health insurance as defined  
7 under section 1882(g)(1) of the Social Security Act, as such  
8 section existed on the effective date of this act;

9           (B) Coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under  
10 10 U.S.C. 5501 et seq., as such section existed on the effective  
11 date of this act;

12           (C) Similar supplemental coverage provided to coverage  
13 under a group health plan; and

14           (D) Short-term limited duration insurance that has an  
15 expiration date specified in the contract that is within twelve  
16 months of the effective date of the contract; and

17           (e) Network plan means health insurance coverage offered  
18 by a health carrier under which the financing and delivery of  
19 medical care including items and services paid for as medical care  
20 are provided, in whole or in part, through a defined set of  
21 providers under contract with the health carrier.

22           Sec. 2. Section 44-1527, Reissue Revised Statutes of  
23 Nebraska, is amended to read:

24           44-1527. The director may examine and investigate the  
25 affairs of every insurer doing business in this state in order to  
26 determine whether such insurer has been or is engaged in any unfair  
27 trade practice defined in section 44-1524. An insurer other than  
28 an agent, broker, or insurance consultant shall reimburse the

1 department for the expense of examination in the same manner as  
2 provided for examination of insurance companies in the Insurers  
3 Examination Act. In the case of a depository institution, the  
4 director may examine and investigate the insurance activities of a  
5 depository institution in order to determine whether the depository  
6 institution has been or is engaged in any unfair trade practice  
7 defined in section 44-1524. The director shall notify the  
8 appropriate state or federal banking agency of the director's  
9 intent to examine and investigate a depository institution and  
10 advise the appropriate state or federal banking agency of the  
11 suspected violations of state law prior to commencing the  
12 examination and investigation.

13 Sec. 3. Section 44-1994, Reissue Revised Statutes of  
14 Nebraska, is amended to read:

15 44-1994. (1)(a) A title insurer may operate as an  
16 escrow, security, settlement, or closing agent subject to the  
17 requirements of subdivisions (b) through (e) of this subsection.

18 (b) All funds deposited with the title insurer in  
19 connection with an escrow, security deposit, settlement, or closing  
20 shall be submitted for collection to or deposited in a separate  
21 fiduciary trust account or accounts in a qualified financial  
22 institution no later than the close of the next business day in  
23 accordance with the following requirements:

24 (i) The funds shall be the property of the person or  
25 persons entitled to them under the provisions of the escrow,  
26 security deposit, settlement, or closing agreement and shall be  
27 segregated for each depository by escrow, security deposit,  
28 settlement, or closing in the records of the title insurer in a



1 manner that permits the funds to be identified on an individual  
2 basis; and

3 (ii) The funds shall be applied only in accordance with  
4 the terms of the individual instructions or agreements under which  
5 the funds were accepted.

6 (c) Funds held in an escrow account shall be disbursed  
7 only pursuant to a written instruction or agreement specifying how  
8 and to whom such funds may be disbursed.

9 (d) Funds held in a security deposit account shall be  
10 disbursed only pursuant to a written agreement specifying:

11 (i) What actions the indemnitor shall take to satisfy his  
12 or her obligation under the agreement;

13 (ii) The duties of the title insurer with respect to  
14 disposition of the funds held, including a requirement to maintain  
15 evidence of the disposition of the title exception before any  
16 balance may be paid over to the depositing party or his or her  
17 designee; and

18 (iii) Any other provisions the director may require.

19 (e) (i) Disbursements may be made out of an escrow,  
20 security deposit, settlement, or closing account only if deposits  
21 in amounts at least equal to the disbursement have first been made  
22 directly relating to the transaction disbursed against and if the  
23 deposits are in one of the following forms:

24 (A) Lawful money of the United States;

25 (B) Wired funds when unconditionally held by the title  
26 insurer;

27 (C) Cashier's checks, certified checks, bank money  
28 orders, or teller's checks issued by a federally insured financial

1 institution and unconditionally held by the title insurer; and

2 (D) United States treasury checks, federal reserve bank  
3 checks, federal home loan bank checks, ~~and~~ State of Nebraska  
4 warrants, and warrants of a city of the metropolitan or primary  
5 class.

6 (ii) For purposes of this subdivision, federally insured  
7 financial institution means an institution in which monetary  
8 deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation  
9 or National Credit Union Administration.

10 (2) Nothing in this section is intended to amend, alter,  
11 or supersede other sections of the Title Insurers Act or the laws  
12 of this state or the United States regarding an escrow holder's  
13 duties and obligations.

14 (3) The director may prescribe a standard agreement for  
15 escrow, settlement, closing, or security deposit funds.

16 Sec. 4. Section 44-19,116, Revised Statutes Supplement,  
17 2000, is amended to read:

18 44-19,116. (1) (a) A title insurance agent may operate as  
19 an escrow, security, settlement, or closing agent subject to the  
20 requirements of subdivisions (b) through (e) of this subsection.

21 (b) All funds deposited with the title insurance agent in  
22 connection with an escrow, settlement, closing, or security deposit  
23 shall be submitted for collection to or deposited in a separate  
24 fiduciary trust account or accounts in a qualified financial  
25 institution no later than the close of the next business day in  
26 accordance with the following requirements:

27 (i) The funds shall be the property of the person or  
28 persons entitled to them under the provisions of the escrow,

1 settlement, security deposit, or closing agreement and shall be  
2 segregated for each depository by escrow, settlement, security  
3 deposit, or closing in the records of the title insurance agent in  
4 a manner that permits the funds to be identified on an individual  
5 basis; and

6 (ii) The funds shall be applied only in accordance with  
7 the terms of the individual instructions or agreements under which  
8 the funds were accepted.

9 (c) Funds held in an escrow account shall be disbursed  
10 only pursuant to a written instruction or agreement specifying how  
11 and to whom such funds may be disbursed.

12 (d) Funds held in a security deposit account shall be  
13 disbursed only pursuant to a written agreement specifying:

14 (i) What actions the indemnitor shall take to satisfy his  
15 or her obligation under the agreement;

16 (ii) The duties of the title insurance agent with respect  
17 to disposition of the funds held, including a requirement to  
18 maintain evidence of the disposition of the title exception before  
19 any balance may be paid over to the depositing party or his or her  
20 designee; and

21 (iii) Any other provisions the director may require.

22 (e) (i) Disbursements may be made out of an escrow,  
23 settlement, or closing account only if funds in an amount at least  
24 equal to the disbursement have first been received and if the funds  
25 received are in one of the following forms:

26 (A) Lawful money of the United States;

27 (B) Wired funds when unconditionally held by the title  
28 insurance agent;

1           (C)    Cashier's checks, certified checks, bank money  
2 orders, or teller's checks issued by a federally insured financial  
3 institution and unconditionally held by the title insurance agent;  
4 and

5           (D)    United States treasury checks, federal reserve bank  
6 checks, federal home loan bank checks, ~~and~~ State of Nebraska  
7 warrants, and warrants of a city of the metropolitan or primary  
8 class.

9           (ii) For purposes of this subdivision, federally insured  
10 financial institution means an institution in which monetary  
11 deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation  
12 or National Credit Union Administration.

13          (2) The title insurance agent shall have an annual audit  
14 made of its escrow, settlement, closing, and security deposit  
15 accounts, conducted by a certified public accountant on a calendar  
16 year basis at its expense within ninety days after the close of the  
17 previous calendar year. The title insurance agent shall provide a  
18 copy of the audit report to each title insurer which it represents.  
19 The director may adopt and promulgate rules and regulations setting  
20 forth the minimum threshold level at which an audit would be  
21 required, the standards of audit, and the form of audit report  
22 required. In lieu of such annual audit, a title insurance agent  
23 may provide a notarized certificate of reconciliation and  
24 availability of the title insurance agent's escrow accounts to each  
25 title insurer which it represents within ninety days after the  
26 close of the previous calendar year on a form prescribed or  
27 approved by the director. The director may also require a title  
28 insurance agent to provide a copy of its audit report or

1 certificate of reconciliation and availability to the director.  
2 Title insurance agents who are attorneys and who issue title  
3 insurance policies as part of their legal representation of clients  
4 are exempt from the requirements of this subsection. However, the  
5 title insurer may, at its expense, conduct or cause to be conducted  
6 an annual audit of the escrow, settlement, closing, and security  
7 deposit accounts of the attorney. Attorneys who are exclusively in  
8 the business of title insurance are not exempt from the  
9 requirements of this subsection.

10 (3) If the title insurance agent is appointed by two or  
11 more title insurers and maintains fiduciary trust accounts in  
12 connection with providing escrow, closing, or settlement services,  
13 the title insurance agent shall allow each title insurer reasonable  
14 access to the accounts and any or all of the supporting account  
15 information in order to ascertain the safety and security of the  
16 funds held by the title insurance agent.

17 (4) Nothing in the Title Insurance Agent Act shall be  
18 deemed to prohibit the recording of documents prior to the time  
19 funds are available for disbursement with respect to a transaction  
20 if all parties consent to the transaction in writing.

21 (5) Nothing in this section is intended to amend, alter,  
22 or supersede other sections of the act or the laws of this state or  
23 the United States regarding an escrow holder's duties and  
24 obligations.

25 (6) The director may prescribe a standard agreement for  
26 escrow, settlement, closing, or security deposit funds.

27 Sec. 5. Section 44-2127, Reissue Revised Statutes of  
28 Nebraska, is amended to read:

1                   44-2127.       (1) The director shall approve any merger or  
2 other acquisition of control referred to in subsection (1) of  
3 section 44-2126 unless, after a public hearing thereon, he or she  
4 finds that:

5                   (a) After the change of control, the domestic insurer  
6 would not be able to satisfy the requirements for the issuance of a  
7 license to write the line or lines of insurance for which it is  
8 presently licensed;

9                   (b) The effect of the merger or other acquisition of  
10 control would be substantially to lessen competition in insurance  
11 in this state or tend to create a monopoly therein;

12                   (c) The financial condition of any acquiring party is  
13 such as might jeopardize the financial stability of the insurer or  
14 prejudice the interest of policyholders of the insurer;

15                   (d) The plans or proposals which the acquiring party has  
16 to liquidate the insurer, to sell its assets or consolidate or  
17 merge it with any person, or to make any other material change in  
18 its business or corporate structure of management are unfair and  
19 unreasonable to policyholders of the insurer and not in the public  
20 interest;

21                   (e) The competence, experience, and integrity of those  
22 persons who would control the operation of the insurer are such  
23 that it would not be in the interest of policyholders of the  
24 insurer and of the public to permit the merger or other acquisition  
25 of control;

26                   (f) To the extent required under section 44-6115, an  
27 acquisition has not been approved by the director; or

28                   (g) The acquisition is likely to be hazardous or

1 prejudicial to the public.

2           (2) The public hearing referred to in subsection (1) of  
3 this section shall be held within thirty days after the statement  
4 required by subsection (1) of section 44-2126 is filed, and at  
5 least twenty days' notice thereof shall be given by the director to  
6 the person filing the statement. Not less than seven days' notice  
7 of such public hearing shall be given by the person filing the  
8 statement to the insurer and to such other persons as may be  
9 designated by the director. The director shall make a  
10 determination within ~~thirty days after the conclusion of such~~  
11 hearing the sixty-day period preceding the effective date of the  
12 proposed transaction. At such hearing, the person filing the  
13 statement, the insurer, any person to whom notice of hearing was  
14 sent, and any other person whose interest may be affected thereby  
15 shall have the right to present evidence, examine and cross-examine  
16 witnesses, and offer oral and written arguments and in connection  
17 therewith shall be entitled to conduct discovery proceedings in the  
18 same manner as is presently allowed in the district court. All  
19 discovery proceedings shall be concluded not later than three days  
20 prior to the commencement of the public hearing.

21           (3) In connection with a change of control of a domestic  
22 insurer, any determination by the director that the person  
23 acquiring control of the insurer shall be required to maintain or  
24 restore the capital of the insurer to the level required by the  
25 laws, rules, and regulations of this state shall be made not later  
26 than sixty days after the date of the director's determination.  
27 The director may retain at the acquiring person's expense any  
28 attorneys, actuaries, accountants, and other experts who are not

1 employees of the Department of Insurance as may be reasonably  
2 necessary to assist the director in reviewing the proposed  
3 acquisition of control.

4           Sec. 6.    Section 44-2845, Reissue Revised Statutes of  
5 Nebraska, is amended to read:

6           44-2845.   Each member of the medical review panel shall  
7 be paid ~~at the rate of thirty~~ fifty dollars per day for all work  
8 performed as a member of the panel, exclusive of time and services  
9 involved if called as a witness to testify in court and reasonable  
10 expenses incurred. Fees of the panel, including expenses, shall be  
11 paid equally by each side. If a panel member is called as an  
12 expert witness at the trial, the panel member ~~he~~ shall be paid the  
13 customary expert witness fee.

14           Sec. 7.    Section 44-32,161, Reissue Revised Statutes of  
15 Nebraska, is amended to read:

16           44-32,161.   (1) Any supervision, rehabilitation,  
17 liquidation, or conservation of a health maintenance organization  
18 shall be deemed to be the supervision, rehabilitation, liquidation,  
19 or conservation of an insurance company and shall be conducted  
20 pursuant to the Nebraska Insurers Supervision, Rehabilitation, and  
21 Liquidation Act. The director may apply for an order directing him  
22 or her to rehabilitate, liquidate, or conserve a health maintenance  
23 organization upon any one or more grounds set out in sections  
24 44-4812 and 44-4817 or when in his or her opinion the continued  
25 operation of the health maintenance organization would be hazardous  
26 either to the enrollees or to the people of this state. Enrollees  
27 shall have the same priority in the event of liquidation or  
28 rehabilitation as the law provides to policyholders of an insurer.



1           (2) For purposes of determining the priority of  
2 distribution of general assets, claims of enrollees and enrollees'  
3 beneficiaries shall have the same priority as established by  
4 subdivision ~~(3)~~ (2) of section 44-4842 for policyholders and  
5 beneficiaries of insureds of insurance companies. If an enrollee  
6 is liable to any provider for services provided pursuant to and  
7 covered by the health care plan, that liability shall have the  
8 status of an enrollee claim for distribution of general assets.  
9 Any provider who is obligated by statute or agreement to hold  
10 enrollees harmless from liability for services provided pursuant to  
11 and covered by a health care plan shall have the same priority of  
12 distribution of the general assets as established by subdivision  
13 ~~(4)~~ (5) of section 44-4842.

14           Sec. 8.     Section 44-4834, Reissue Revised Statutes of  
15 Nebraska, is amended to read:

16           44-4834. (1) Within one hundred twenty days of a final  
17 determination of insolvency of an insurer by a court of competent  
18 jurisdiction of this state, the liquidator shall make application  
19 to the court for approval of a proposal to disburse assets out of  
20 marshalled assets, from time to time as such assets become  
21 available, to a guaranty association or foreign guaranty  
22 association having obligations because of such insolvency. If the  
23 liquidator determines that there are insufficient assets to  
24 disburse, the application required by this section shall be  
25 considered satisfied by a filing by the liquidator stating the  
26 reasons for this determination.

27           (2) Such proposal shall at least include provisions for:

28           (a) Reserving amounts for the payment of expenses of

1 administration and the payment of claims of secured creditors to  
2 the extent of the value of the security held and claims falling  
3 within the priorities established in ~~subdivisions (1) and (2)~~  
4 subdivision (1) of section 44-4842;

5 (b) Disbursement of the assets marshalled to date and  
6 subsequent disbursement of assets as they become available;

7 (c) Equitable allocation of disbursements to each of the  
8 guaranty associations and foreign guaranty associations entitled  
9 thereto;

10 (d) The securing by the liquidator from each of the  
11 associations entitled to disbursements pursuant to this section of  
12 an agreement to return to the liquidator such assets, together with  
13 income earned on assets previously disbursed, as may be required to  
14 pay claims of secured creditors and claims falling within the  
15 priorities established in section 44-4842 in accordance with such  
16 priorities. No bond shall be required of any such association; and

17 (e) A full report to be made by each association to the  
18 liquidator accounting for all assets so disbursed to the  
19 association, all disbursements made therefrom, any interest earned  
20 by the association on such assets, and any other matter as the  
21 court may direct.

22 (3) The liquidator's proposal shall provide for  
23 disbursements to the associations in amounts estimated at least  
24 equal to the claim payments made or to be made thereby for which  
25 such associations could assert a claim against the liquidator and  
26 shall further provide that if the assets available for disbursement  
27 from time to time do not equal or exceed the amount of such claim  
28 payments made or to be made by the association, then disbursements

1 shall be in the amount of available assets.

2 (4) The liquidator's proposal shall, with respect to an  
3 insolvent insurer writing life or health insurance or annuities,  
4 provide for disbursements of assets to any guaranty association or  
5 any foreign guaranty association covering life or health insurance  
6 or annuities or to any other entity or organization reinsuring,  
7 assuming, or guaranteeing policies or contracts of insurance under  
8 the laws creating such associations.

9 (5) Notice of such application shall be given to the  
10 association in and to the director, commissioner, or equivalent  
11 official of each of the states. Any such notice shall be deemed to  
12 have been given when deposited in the United States certified mail,  
13 first-class postage prepaid, at least thirty days prior to  
14 submission of such application to the court. Action on the  
15 application may be taken by the court if the required notice has  
16 been given and the liquidator's proposal complies with subdivisions  
17 (2) (a) and (b) of this section.

18 Sec. 9. Section 44-4842, Reissue Revised Statutes of  
19 Nebraska, is amended to read:

20 44-4842. The priority of distribution of claims from the  
21 insurer's estate shall be in accordance with the order in which  
22 each class of claims is set forth in this section. Every claim in  
23 each class shall be paid in full or adequate funds retained for  
24 such payment before the members of the next class receive any  
25 payment. No subclasses shall be established within any class. The  
26 order of distribution of claims shall be:

27 (1) Class 1. The costs and expenses of administration  
28 during rehabilitation and liquidation, including, but not limited

1 to, the following:

2 (a) The actual and necessary costs of preserving or  
3 recovering the assets of the insurer;

4 (b) Compensation for all properly authorized services  
5 rendered in the rehabilitation and liquidation;

6 (c) Any necessary filing fees;

7 (d) The fees and mileage payable to witnesses;

8 (e) Authorized reasonable attorney's fees and fees for  
9 other professional services rendered in the rehabilitation and  
10 liquidation;

11 (f) The reasonable expenses of a guaranty association or  
12 foreign guaranty association for unallocated loss adjustment  
13 expenses; and

14 (g) The expenses of examinations conducted pursuant to  
15 the Insurers Examination Act;

16 (2) Class 2. Reasonable compensation to employees for  
17 services performed to the extent that they do not exceed two months  
18 of monetary compensation and represent payment for services  
19 performed within one year before the filing of the petition for  
20 liquidation or, if rehabilitation preceded liquidation, within one  
21 year before the filing of the petition for rehabilitation.  
22 Principal officers and directors of the insurer shall not be  
23 entitled to the benefit of this priority except as otherwise  
24 approved by the liquidator and the court. Such priority shall be  
25 in lieu of any other similar priority which may be authorized by  
26 law as to wages or compensation of employees;

27 ~~(3) Class 3. All claims under policies, including such~~  
28 ~~claims of the federal or any state or local government, for losses~~

1 incurred, including third-party claims, all claims against the  
2 insurer for liability for bodily injury or for injury to or  
3 destruction of tangible property which are not under policies, and  
4 all claims of a guaranty association or foreign guaranty  
5 association. All claims under life insurance and annuity policies,  
6 whether for death proceeds, annuity proceeds, or investment values,  
7 shall be treated as loss claims. That portion of any loss,  
8 indemnification for which is provided by other benefits or  
9 advantages recovered by the claimant, shall not be included in this  
10 class, other than benefits or advantages recovered or recoverable  
11 in discharge of familial obligation of support or by way of  
12 succession at death or as proceeds of life insurance or as  
13 gratuities. No payment by an employer to his or her employee shall  
14 be treated as a gratuity;

15 ~~(4) Class 4.~~

16 (3) Class 3. Claims of the federal government other than  
17 those claims included in Class 2;

18 (4) Class 4. Reasonable compensation to employees for  
19 services performed to the extent that they do not exceed two months  
20 of monetary compensation and represent payment for services  
21 performed within one year before the filing of the petition for  
22 liquidation or, if rehabilitation preceded liquidation, within one  
23 year before the filing of the petition for rehabilitation.  
24 Principal officers and directors of the insurer shall not be  
25 entitled to the benefit of this priority except as otherwise  
26 approved by the liquidator and the court. Such priority shall be  
27 in lieu of any other similar priority which may be authorized by  
28 law as to wages or compensation of employees;

1           (5) Class 5. Claims under nonassessable policies for  
2 unearned premium or other premium refunds and claims of general  
3 creditors, including claims of ceding and assuming insurers in  
4 their capacity as such;

5           ~~(5) Class 5~~ (6) Class 6. Claims of ~~the federal or~~ any  
6 state or local government except those under subdivision ~~(3)~~ (2) of  
7 this section. Claims, including those of ~~any~~ a governmental body  
8 for a penalty or forfeiture, shall be allowed in this class only to  
9 the extent of the pecuniary loss sustained from the act,  
10 transaction, or proceeding out of which the penalty or forfeiture  
11 arose, with reasonable and actual costs occasioned thereby. The  
12 remainder of such claims shall be postponed to the class of claims  
13 under subdivision ~~(8)~~ (9) of this section;

14           ~~(6) Class 6~~ (7) Class 7. Claims filed late or any other  
15 claims other than claims under subdivisions ~~(7)~~ (8) and ~~(8)~~ (9) of  
16 this section;

17           ~~(7) Class 7~~ (8) Class 8. Surplus or contribution notes  
18 or similar obligations and premium refunds on assessable policies.  
19 Payments to members of domestic mutual insurance companies shall be  
20 limited in accordance with law; and

21           ~~(8) Class 8~~ (9) Class 9. The claims of shareholders or  
22 other owners in their capacity as shareholders.

23           Sec. 10. Section 44-4859, Reissue Revised Statutes of  
24 Nebraska, is amended to read:

25           44-4859. If an ancillary receiver in another state or  
26 foreign country, whether called by that name or not, fails to  
27 transfer to the domiciliary liquidator in this state any assets  
28 within his or her control other than special deposits, diminished

1 only by the expenses of the ancillary receivership, if any, the  
2 claims filed in the ancillary receivership, other than special  
3 deposit claims or secured claims, shall be placed in the class of  
4 claims under subdivision ~~(7)~~ (8) of section 44-4842.

5 Sec. 11. Section 44-5120, Reissue Revised Statutes of  
6 Nebraska, is amended to read:

7 44-5120. (1) An insurer may lend its securities if:

8 (a) ~~Simultaneously~~ The securities are created or existing  
9 under the laws of the United States and, simultaneously with the  
10 delivery of the loaned securities, the insurer receives collateral  
11 from the borrower consisting of cash or securities backed by the  
12 full faith and credit of the United States or an agency or  
13 instrumentality of the United States, except that any securities  
14 provided as collateral shall not be of lesser quality than the  
15 quality of the loaned securities. Any investment made by an  
16 insurer with cash received as collateral for loaned securities  
17 shall be made in the same kinds, classes, and investment grades as  
18 those authorized under the Insurers Investment Act. The securities  
19 provided as collateral shall have a market value when the loan is  
20 made of at least one hundred two percent of the market value of the  
21 loaned securities;

22 (b) The securities are created or existing under the laws  
23 of Canada or are securities described in section 44-5137 and,  
24 simultaneously with the delivery of the loaned securities, the  
25 insurer receives collateral from the borrower consisting of cash or  
26 securities backed by the full faith and credit of the foreign  
27 country, except that any securities provided as collateral shall  
28 not be of lesser quality than the quality of the loaned securities.

1 Any investment made by an insurer with cash received as collateral  
2 for loaned securities shall be made in the same kinds, classes, and  
3 investment grades as those authorized under the Insurers Investment  
4 Act. The securities provided as collateral shall have a market  
5 value when the loan is made of at least one hundred two percent of  
6 the market value of the loaned securities;

7 (c) Prior to the loan, the borrower or any indemnifying  
8 party furnishes the insurer with or the insurer otherwise obtains  
9 the most recent financial statement of the borrower or any  
10 indemnifying party;

11 ~~(e)~~ (d) The insurer receives a reasonable fee related to  
12 the market value of the loaned securities and to the term of the  
13 loan;

14 ~~(d)~~ (e) The loan is made pursuant to a written loan  
15 agreement; and

16 ~~(e)~~ (f) The borrower is required to furnish by the close  
17 of each business day during the term of the loan a report of the  
18 market value of all collateral and the market value of all loaned  
19 securities as of the close of trading on the previous business day.  
20 If at the close of any business day the market value of the  
21 collateral for any loan outstanding to a borrower is less than one  
22 hundred percent of the market value of the loaned securities, the  
23 borrower shall deliver by the close of the next business day an  
24 additional amount of cash or securities. The market value of the  
25 additional securities, together with the market value of all  
26 previously delivered collateral, shall equal at least one hundred  
27 two percent of the market value of the loaned securities for that  
28 loan.



1           (2) If at the close of any business day the market value  
2 of the collateral for all loans outstanding to a borrower is less  
3 than one hundred two percent of the market value of the loaned  
4 securities, the borrower shall deliver by the close of the next  
5 business day an additional amount of cash or securities. The  
6 market value of the additional securities, together with the market  
7 value of all previously delivered collateral, shall equal at least  
8 one hundred two percent of the market value of the loaned  
9 securities for all loans to that borrower.

10           (3) For purposes of this section, market value shall  
11 include accrued interest.

12           (4) An insurer shall effect securities lending only  
13 through the services of a custodian bank or similar entity as  
14 approved by the director.

15           (5) An insurer's investments authorized under this  
16 section shall not exceed ten percent of its admitted assets.

17           Sec. 12. Section 44-5223, Revised Statutes Supplement,  
18 2000, is amended to read:

19           44-5223. Sections 44-5223 to 44-5267 and sections 14 and  
20 18 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the Small  
21 Employer Health Insurance Availability Act.

22           Sec. 13. Section 44-5225, Revised Statutes Supplement,  
23 2000, is amended to read:

24           44-5225. For purposes of the Small Employer Health  
25 Insurance Availability Act, the definitions found in sections  
26 44-5226 to 44-5255.01 and sections 14 and 15 of this act shall be  
27 used.

28           Sec. 14. Affiliation period means a period of time that

1 must expire before health insurance coverage provided by a carrier  
2 becomes effective and during which the carrier is not required to  
3 provide benefits.

4           Sec. 15. Health maintenance organization means a person  
5 that undertakes to provide or arrange for the delivery of basic  
6 health care services to enrollees on a prepaid basis, except for  
7 enrollee responsibility for copayments or deductibles or both.

8           Sec. 16.       Section 44-5246.02, Revised Statutes  
9 Supplement, 2000, is amended to read:

10           44-5246.02. Preexisting condition means a condition  
11 whether physical or mental, regardless of the cause of the  
12 condition, for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment  
13 was recommended or received within the six-month period ending on  
14 the enrollment date. Genetic information shall not be treated as a  
15 condition for which a preexisting condition exclusion may be  
16 imposed in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to  
17 such information. Preexisting condition does not mean a condition  
18 for which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was  
19 recommended or received for the first time while the covered person  
20 held creditable coverage and that was a covered benefit under the  
21 health benefit plan, if the prior coverage was continuous to a date  
22 not more than sixty-three days prior to the enrollment date of the  
23 new coverage.

24           Sec. 17. Section 44-5260, Reissue Revised Statutes of  
25 Nebraska, is amended to read:

26           44-5260. (1) For purposes of this section, small  
27 employer shall mean, in connection with a group health plan with  
28 respect to a calendar year and a plan year, any person, firm,

1 corporation, partnership, association, or political subdivision  
2 that is actively engaged in business that employed an average of at  
3 least two but not more than fifty employees on business days during  
4 the preceding calendar year and who employs at least two employees  
5 on the first day of the plan year. All persons treated as a single  
6 employer under subsection (b), (c), (m), or (o) of section 414 of  
7 the Internal Revenue Code shall be treated as one employer.  
8 Subsequent to the issuance of a health benefit plan to a small  
9 employer and for the purpose of determining continued eligibility,  
10 the size of a small employer shall be determined annually. Except  
11 as otherwise specifically provided, provisions of the Small  
12 Employer Health Insurance Availability Act that apply to a small  
13 employer shall continue to apply at least until the health benefit  
14 plan anniversary following the date the small employer no longer  
15 meets the requirements of this definition. In the case of an  
16 employer which was not in existence throughout the preceding  
17 calendar year, the determination of whether the employer is a small  
18 or large employer shall be based on the average number of employees  
19 that it is reasonably expected the employer will employ on business  
20 days in the current calendar year. Any reference in the act to an  
21 employer shall include a reference to any predecessor of such  
22 employer.

23 (2) (a) Every small employer carrier shall, as a condition  
24 of transacting business in this state with small employers,  
25 actively offer to small employers all health benefit plans it  
26 actively markets to small employers in this state, including at  
27 least two health benefit plans. One health benefit plan offered by  
28 each small employer carrier shall be a basic health benefit plan,

1 and one plan shall be a standard health benefit plan. A small  
2 employer carrier shall be considered to be actively marketing a  
3 health benefit plan if it offers that plan to any small employer  
4 not currently receiving a health benefit plan by such small  
5 employer carrier.

6 (b) (i) Subject to subdivision (2) (a) of this section, a  
7 small employer carrier shall issue any health benefit plan to any  
8 eligible small employer that applies for the plan and agrees to  
9 make the required premium payments and to satisfy the other  
10 reasonable provisions of the health benefit plan not inconsistent  
11 with the Small Employer Health Insurance Availability Act.  
12 However, no small employer carrier shall be required to issue a  
13 health benefit plan to a self-employed individual who is covered  
14 by, or is eligible for coverage under, a health benefit plan  
15 offered by an employer.

16 (ii) In the case of a small employer carrier that  
17 establishes more than one class of business, the small employer  
18 carrier shall maintain and issue to eligible small employers at  
19 least one basic health benefit plan and at least one standard  
20 health benefit plan in each class of business so established. A  
21 small employer carrier may apply reasonable criteria in determining  
22 whether to accept a small employer into a class of business if:

23 (A) The criteria are not intended to discourage or  
24 prevent acceptance of small employers applying for a basic health  
25 benefit plan or a standard health benefit plan;

26 (B) The criteria are not related to the health status or  
27 claim experience of employees or dependents of the small employer;

28 (C) The criteria are applied consistently to all small

1 employers applying for coverage in the class of business; and

2 (D) The small employer carrier provides for the  
3 acceptance of all eligible small employers into one or more classes  
4 of business.

5 The provisions of subdivision (2)(b)(ii) of this section  
6 shall not apply to a class of business into which the small  
7 employer carrier is no longer enrolling new small businesses.

8 (3)(a) A small employer carrier shall file with the  
9 director, in a format and manner prescribed by the director, the  
10 basic health benefit plans and the standard health benefit plans to  
11 be used by the carrier. A health benefit plan filed pursuant to  
12 this subsection may be used by a small employer carrier beginning  
13 thirty days after it is filed unless the director disapproves its  
14 use.

15 (b) The director at any time may, after providing notice  
16 and an opportunity for a hearing to the small employer carrier,  
17 disapprove the continued use by a small employer carrier of a basic  
18 health benefit plan or standard health benefit plan on the grounds  
19 that the plan does not meet the requirements of the act.

20 (4) Health benefit plans covering small employers shall  
21 comply with the following provisions:

22 (a) A health benefit plan shall not deny, exclude, or  
23 limit benefits for a covered individual for losses incurred more  
24 than twelve months, or eighteen months in the case of a late  
25 enrollee, following the enrollment date of the individual's  
26 coverage due to a preexisting condition or the first date of the  
27 waiting period for enrollment if that date is earlier than the  
28 enrollment date. A health benefit plan shall not define a

1 preexisting condition more restrictively than as defined in section  
2 44-5246.02. A health benefit plan shall not impose any preexisting  
3 condition exclusion relating to pregnancy as a preexisting  
4 condition;

5 (b) A health benefit plan shall not impose any  
6 preexisting condition exclusion:

7 (i) To an individual who, as of the last day of the  
8 thirty-day period beginning with the date of birth, is covered  
9 under creditable coverage, and the individual had creditable  
10 coverage that was continuous to a date not more than sixty-three  
11 days prior to the enrollment date of new coverage; or

12 (ii) To a child less than eighteen years of age who is  
13 adopted or placed for adoption and who, as of the last day of the  
14 thirty-day period beginning on the date of the adoption or  
15 placement for adoption, is covered under creditable coverage, and  
16 the child had creditable coverage that was continuous to a date not  
17 more than sixty-three days prior to the enrollment date of new  
18 coverage;

19 (c) (i) A small employer carrier shall waive any time  
20 period applicable to a preexisting condition exclusion or  
21 limitation period with respect to particular services in a health  
22 benefit plan for the aggregate period of time an individual was  
23 previously covered by creditable coverage that provided benefits  
24 with respect to such services if the creditable coverage was  
25 continuous to a date not more than sixty-three days prior to the  
26 enrollment date of new coverage. The period of continuous coverage  
27 shall not include any waiting period or affiliation period for the  
28 effective date of the new coverage applied by the employer or the

1 carrier. This subdivision shall not preclude application of any  
2 waiting period applicable to all new enrollees under the health  
3 benefit plan;

4 (ii) A small employer carrier that does not use  
5 preexisting condition limitations in any of its health benefit  
6 plans may impose an affiliation period that:

7 (A) Does not exceed sixty days for new entrants and does  
8 not exceed ninety days for late enrollees;

9 (B) During which the carrier charges no premiums and the  
10 coverage issued is not effective; and

11 (C) Is applied uniformly, without regard to any  
12 health-status related factor.

13 (iii) This subsection does not preclude application of  
14 any waiting period applicable to all enrollees under the health  
15 benefit plan if any carrier waiting period is no longer than sixty  
16 days.

17 (iv) (A) In lieu of the requirements of subdivision  
18 (4) (c) (i) of this section, a small employer carrier may elect to  
19 reduce the period of any preexisting condition exclusion based on  
20 coverage of benefits within each of several classes or categories  
21 of benefits specified in federal regulations.

22 (B) A small employer electing to reduce the period of any  
23 preexisting condition exclusion using the alternative method  
24 described in subdivision (4) (c) (iv) (A) of this section shall make  
25 the election on a uniform basis for all enrollees and count a  
26 period of creditable coverage with respect to any class or category  
27 of benefits if any level of benefits is covered within the class or  
28 category.

1           (C) A small employer carrier electing to reduce the  
2 period of any preexisting condition exclusion using the alternative  
3 method described under subdivision (4)(c)(iv)(A) of this section  
4 shall prominently state that the election has been made in any  
5 disclosure statements concerning coverage under the health benefit  
6 plan to each enrollee at the time of enrollment under the plan and  
7 to each small employer at the time of the offer or sale of the  
8 coverage and include in the disclosure statements the effect of the  
9 election.

10           (d)(i) A small employer carrier shall permit an eligible  
11 employee or dependent, who requests enrollment following the open  
12 enrollment opportunity, to enroll, and the eligible employee or  
13 dependent shall not be considered a late enrollee if the eligible  
14 employee or dependent:

15           (A) Was covered under another health benefit plan at the  
16 time the eligible employee or dependent was eligible to enroll;

17           (B) Stated in writing at the time of the open enrollment  
18 period that coverage under another health benefit plan was the  
19 reason for declining enrollment but only if the health benefit plan  
20 or health carrier required such a written statement and provided a  
21 notice of the consequences of such written statement;

22           (C) Has lost coverage under another health benefit plan  
23 as a result of the termination of employment, the termination of  
24 the other health benefit plan's coverage, death of a spouse, legal  
25 separation, or divorce or was under a continuation-of-coverage  
26 policy or contract available under federal law and the coverage was  
27 exhausted; and

28           (D) Requests enrollment within thirty days after the



1 termination of coverage under the other health benefit plan.

2 (ii)(A) If a small employer carrier issues a health  
3 benefit plan and makes coverage available to a dependent of an  
4 eligible employee and such dependent becomes a dependent of the  
5 eligible employee through marriage, birth, adoption, or placement  
6 for adoption, then such health benefit plan shall provide for a  
7 dependent special enrollment period during which the dependent may  
8 be enrolled under the health benefit plan and, in the case of the  
9 birth or adoption of a child, the spouse of an eligible employee  
10 may be enrolled if otherwise eligible for coverage.

11 (B) A dependent special enrollment period shall be a  
12 period of not less than thirty days and shall begin on the later of  
13 (I) the date such dependent coverage is available or (II) the date  
14 of the marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption.

15 (C) If an eligible employee seeks to enroll a dependent  
16 during the first thirty days of such a dependent special enrollment  
17 period, the coverage of the dependent shall become effective:

18 (I) In the case of marriage, not later than the first day  
19 of the first month beginning after the date the completed request  
20 for enrollment is received;

21 (II) In the case of the birth of a dependent, as of the  
22 date of birth; and

23 (III) In the case of a dependent's adoption or placement  
24 for adoption, the date of such adoption or placement for adoption;

25 (e)(i) Except as provided in subdivision (4)(e)(iv) of  
26 this section, requirements used by a small employer carrier in  
27 determining whether to provide coverage to a small employer,  
28 including requirements for minimum participation of eligible

1 employees and minimum employer contributions, shall be applied  
2 uniformly among all small employers with the same number of  
3 eligible employees applying for coverage or receiving coverage from  
4 the small employer carrier.

5 (ii) A small employer carrier may vary application of  
6 minimum participation requirements and minimum employer  
7 contribution requirements only by the size of the small employer  
8 group.

9 (iii) (A) Except as provided in subdivision (4) (e) (iii) (B)  
10 of this section, in applying minimum participation requirements  
11 with respect to a small employer, a small employer carrier shall  
12 not consider employees or dependents who have creditable coverage  
13 in determining whether the applicable percentage of participation  
14 is met.

15 (B) With respect to a small employer with ten or fewer  
16 eligible employees, a small employer carrier may consider employees  
17 or dependents who have coverage under another health benefit plan  
18 sponsored by such small employer in applying minimum participation  
19 requirements.

20 (iv) A small employer carrier shall not increase any  
21 requirement for minimum employee participation or any requirement  
22 for minimum employer contribution applicable to a small employer at  
23 any time after the small employer has been accepted for coverage;  
24 and

25 (f) (i) If a small employer carrier offers coverage to a  
26 small employer, the small employer carrier shall offer coverage to  
27 all of the eligible employees of a small employer and their  
28 dependents who apply for enrollment during the period in which the

1 employee first becomes eligible to enroll under the terms of the  
2 plan. A small employer carrier shall not offer coverage to only  
3 certain individuals in a small employer group or to only part of  
4 the group except in the case of late enrollees as provided in  
5 subdivision (4)(a) of this section.

6 (ii) Except as permitted under subdivisions (a) and (d)  
7 of this subsection, a small employer carrier shall not modify a  
8 health benefit plan with respect to a small employer or any  
9 eligible employee or dependent, through riders, endorsements, or  
10 otherwise, to restrict or exclude coverage or benefits for specific  
11 diseases, medical conditions, or services otherwise covered by the  
12 plan.

13 (iii) A small employer carrier shall not place any  
14 restriction in regard to any health-status-related factor on an  
15 eligible employee or dependent with respect to enrollment or plan  
16 participation.

17 (5) A small employer carrier shall not be required to  
18 offer coverage or accept applications pursuant to subsection (2) of  
19 this section in the case of the following:

20 (a) To an employee if previous basic health benefit plans  
21 or standard health benefit plans have, in the aggregate, paid one  
22 million dollars in benefits on behalf of the employee. Benefits  
23 paid on behalf of the employee in the immediately preceding two  
24 calendar years by prior small employer carriers under basic and  
25 standard plans shall be included when calculating the lifetime  
26 maximum benefits payable under the succeeding basic or standard  
27 plans. In any situation in which a determination of the total  
28 amount of benefits paid by prior small employer carriers is

1 required by the succeeding carrier, prior carriers shall furnish a  
2 statement of the total benefits paid under basic and standard plans  
3 at the succeeding carrier's request; or

4 (b) Within an area where the small employer carrier  
5 reasonably anticipates, and demonstrates to the satisfaction of the  
6 director, that it will not have the capacity within its established  
7 geographic service area to deliver service adequately to the  
8 members of such groups because of its obligations to existing group  
9 policyholders and enrollees.

10 (6) (a) A small employer carrier offering coverage through  
11 a network plan shall not be required to offer coverage or accept  
12 applications pursuant to subsection (2) of this section to or from  
13 a small employer as defined in subsection (1) of this section:

14 (i) If the small employer does not have eligible  
15 employees who live, work, or reside in the service area for such  
16 network plan; or

17 (ii) If the small employer does have eligible employees  
18 who live, work, or reside in the service area for such network  
19 plan, the carrier has demonstrated, if required, to the director  
20 that it will not have the capacity to deliver services adequately  
21 to enrollees of any additional groups because of its obligations to  
22 existing group contract holders and enrollees and that it is  
23 applying subdivision (6) (a) (ii) of this section uniformly to all  
24 employers without regard to the claims experience of those  
25 employers and their employees and their dependents or any  
26 health-status-related factor relating to such employees and  
27 dependents.

28 (b) A small employer carrier, upon denying health

1 insurance coverage in any service area in accordance with  
2 subdivision (6) (a) (ii) of this section, shall not offer coverage in  
3 the small employer market within such service area for a period of  
4 one hundred eighty days after the date such coverage is denied.

5 (7) A small employer carrier shall not be required to  
6 provide coverage to small employers pursuant to subsection (2) of  
7 this section for any period of time for which the director  
8 determines that requiring the acceptance of small employers in  
9 accordance with the provisions of such subsection would place the  
10 small employer carrier in a financially impaired condition.

11 Sec. 18. (1) Small employer carriers shall provide  
12 written certification of creditable coverage to individuals in  
13 accordance with subsection (2) of this section.

14 (2) The certification of creditable coverage shall be  
15 provided:

16 (a) At the time an individual ceases to be covered under  
17 the health benefit plan or otherwise becomes covered under a COBRA  
18 continuation provision;

19 (b) In the case of an individual who becomes covered  
20 under a COBRA continuation provision, at the time the individual  
21 ceases to be covered under that provision; and

22 (c) At the time a request is made on behalf of an  
23 individual if the request is made not later than twenty-four months  
24 after the date of cessation of coverage described in subdivision  
25 (2) (a) or (b) of this section, whichever is later.

26 (3) Small employer carriers may provide the certification  
27 of creditable coverage required under subdivision (2) (a) of this  
28 section at a time consistent with notices required under any

1 applicable COBRA continuation provision.

2 (4) The certificate of creditable coverage required to be  
3 provided pursuant to subsection (1) of this section shall contain:

4 (a) Written certification of the period of creditable  
5 coverage of the individual under the health benefit plan and the  
6 coverage, if any, under the applicable COBRA continuation  
7 provision; and

8 (b) The waiting period, if any, and, if applicable,  
9 affiliation period imposed with respect to the individual for any  
10 coverage under the health benefit plan.

11 (5) To the extent medical care under a group health plan  
12 consists of group health insurance coverage, the plan is deemed to  
13 have satisfied the certification requirement under subsection (1)  
14 of this section if the small employer carrier offering the coverage  
15 provides for certification in accordance with subsection (2) of  
16 this section.

17 (6) (a) If an individual enrolls in a group health plan  
18 that uses the alternative method of counting creditable coverage  
19 pursuant to subdivision (4) (c) (iv) of section 44-5260 and the  
20 individual provides a certificate of coverage that was provided to  
21 the individual pursuant to subsection (3) of this section, on  
22 request of the group health plan, the entity that issued the  
23 certification to the individual promptly shall disclose to the  
24 group health plan information on the classes and categories of  
25 health benefits available under the entity's health benefit plan.

26 (b) The entity providing the information pursuant to  
27 subdivision (6) (a) of this section may charge the requesting group  
28 health plan the reasonable cost of disclosing the information.

1                   Sec. 19. Section 44-5261, Reissue Revised Statutes of  
2 Nebraska, is amended to read:

3                   44-5261. (1) There is hereby created a nonprofit entity  
4 to be known as the Nebraska Small Employer Health Reinsurance  
5 Program.

6                   (2) (a) The program shall operate subject to the  
7 supervision and control of the board. Subject to this subsection,  
8 the board shall consist of eight members appointed by the director  
9 and the director or his or her designated representative who shall  
10 serve as an ex officio member of the board.

11                   (b) In selecting the members of the board, the director  
12 shall include representatives of small employers and small employer  
13 carriers and such other individuals determined to be qualified by  
14 the director. At least five members of the board shall be  
15 representatives of carriers and shall be selected from individuals  
16 nominated in this state pursuant to procedures and guidelines  
17 developed by the director.

18                   (c) The initial board members shall be appointed as  
19 follows: Two of the members to serve terms of two years; three of  
20 the members to serve terms of four years; and three of the members  
21 to serve terms of six years. Subsequent board members shall serve  
22 for terms of three years. A board member's term shall continue  
23 until his or her successor is appointed.

24                   (d) A vacancy in the board shall be filled by the  
25 director. A board member may be removed by the director for cause.

26                   (3) Within sixty days after January 1, 1995, each small  
27 employer carrier shall make a filing with the director containing  
28 the carrier's net health insurance premium derived from health

1 benefit plans delivered or issued for delivery to small employers  
2 in this state in the previous calendar year.

3 (4) Within one hundred eighty days after the appointment  
4 of the initial board, the board shall submit to the director a plan  
5 of operation and thereafter any amendments thereto necessary or  
6 suitable to assure the fair, reasonable, and equitable  
7 administration of the program. The director may, after notice and  
8 hearing, approve the plan of operation if the director determines  
9 it to be suitable to assure the fair, reasonable, and equitable  
10 administration of the program and to provide for the sharing of  
11 program gains or losses on an equitable and proportionate basis in  
12 accordance with the provisions of this section. The plan of  
13 operation shall become effective upon written approval by the  
14 director.

15 (5) If the board fails to submit a suitable plan of  
16 operation within one hundred eighty days after its appointment, the  
17 director shall, after notice and hearing, adopt and promulgate a  
18 temporary plan of operation. The director shall amend or rescind  
19 any plan adopted under this subsection at the time a plan of  
20 operation is submitted by the board and approved by the director.

21 (6) The plan of operation shall:

22 (a) Establish procedures for handling and accounting of  
23 program assets and money and for an annual fiscal reporting to the  
24 director;

25 (b) Establish procedures for selecting an administering  
26 carrier and setting forth the powers and duties of the  
27 administering carrier;

28 (c) Establish procedures for reinsuring risks in



1 accordance with the provisions of this section;

2 (d) Establish procedures for collecting assessments from  
3 reinsuring carriers to fund claims and administrative expenses  
4 incurred or estimated to be incurred by the program;

5 (e) Establish a methodology for applying the dollar  
6 thresholds contained in this section in the case of carriers that  
7 pay or reimburse health care providers through capitation or salary;  
8 and

9 (f) Provide for any additional matters necessary for the  
10 implementation and administration of the program.

11 (7) The program shall have the general powers and  
12 authority granted under the laws of this state to insurance  
13 companies and health maintenance organizations licensed to transact  
14 business except the power to issue health benefit plans directly to  
15 either groups or individuals. In addition thereto, the program  
16 shall have the specific authority to:

17 (a) Enter into contracts as are necessary or proper to  
18 carry out the provisions and purposes of the Small Employer Health  
19 Insurance Availability Act, including the authority, with the  
20 approval of the director, to enter into contracts with similar  
21 programs of other states for the joint performance of common  
22 functions or with persons or other organizations for the  
23 performance of administrative functions;

24 (b) Sue or be sued, including taking any legal actions  
25 necessary or proper to recover any assessments and penalties for,  
26 on behalf of, or against the program or any reinsuring carriers;

27 (c) Take any legal action necessary to avoid the payment  
28 of improper claims against the program;

1           (d) Define the health benefit plans for which reinsurance  
2 will be provided and issue reinsurance policies, in accordance with  
3 the requirements of the act;

4           (e) Establish rules, conditions, and procedures for  
5 reinsuring risks under the program;

6           (f) Establish actuarial functions as appropriate for the  
7 operation of the program;

8           (g) Assess reinsuring carriers in accordance with the  
9 provisions of subsection (11) of this section, and make advance  
10 interim assessments as may be reasonable and necessary for  
11 organizational and interim operating expenses. Any interim  
12 assessments shall be credited as offsets against any regular  
13 assessments due following the close of the fiscal year;

14           (h) Appoint appropriate legal, actuarial, and other  
15 committees as necessary to provide technical assistance in the  
16 operation of the program, policy and other contract design, and any  
17 other function within the authority of the program; and

18           (i) Borrow money to effect the purposes of the program.  
19 Any notes or other evidence of indebtedness of the program not in  
20 default shall be legal investments for carriers and may be carried  
21 as admitted assets.

22           (8) A reinsuring carrier may reinsure with the program as  
23 provided for in this subsection:

24           (a) With respect to a basic health benefit plan or a  
25 standard health benefit plan, the program shall reinsure the level  
26 of coverage provided and, with respect to other plans, the program  
27 shall reinsure up to the level of coverage provided in a basic  
28 health benefit plan or standard health benefit plan.

1           (b) A small employer carrier may reinsure an entire  
2 employer group within sixty days of the commencement of the group's  
3 coverage under a health benefit plan.

4           (c) A reinsuring carrier may reinsure an eligible  
5 employee or dependent within a period of sixty days following the  
6 commencement of coverage with the small employer. A newly eligible  
7 employee or dependent of the reinsured small employer may be  
8 reinsured within sixty days of the commencement of his or her  
9 coverage.

10          (d) (i) The program shall not reimburse a reinsuring  
11 carrier with respect to the claims of a reinsured employee or  
12 dependent until the carrier has incurred an initial level of claims  
13 for such employee or dependent of five thousand dollars in a  
14 calendar year for benefits covered by the program. In addition,  
15 the reinsuring carrier shall be responsible for ten percent of the  
16 next fifty thousand dollars of benefit payments during a calendar  
17 year and the program shall reinsure the remainder. A reinsuring  
18 carrier's liability under this subdivision shall not exceed a  
19 maximum limit of ten thousand dollars in any one calendar year with  
20 respect to any reinsured individual.

21          (ii) The board annually shall adjust the initial level of  
22 claims and the maximum limit to be retained by the reinsuring  
23 carrier to reflect increases in costs and utilization within the  
24 standard market for health benefit plans within the state. The  
25 adjustment shall not be less than the annual change in the medical  
26 component of the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers of  
27 the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics,  
28 unless the board proposes and the director approves a lower

1 adjustment factor.

2 (e) A small employer carrier may terminate reinsurance  
3 with the program for one or more of the reinsured employees or  
4 dependents of a small employer on any anniversary of the health  
5 benefit plan.

6 (f) Premium rates charged for reinsurance by the program  
7 to a health maintenance organization that is federally qualified  
8 under 42 U.S.C. ~~300e(e)(2)(A)~~ 300e(c)(2)(A), as such section  
9 existed on the effective date of this act, and as such is subject  
10 to requirements that limit the amount of risk that may be ceded to  
11 the program that is more restrictive than those specified in  
12 subdivision (d) of this subsection, shall be reduced to reflect  
13 that portion of the risk above the amount set forth in subdivision  
14 (d) of this subsection that may not be ceded to the program, if  
15 any.

16 (g) A reinsuring carrier shall apply all managed care and  
17 claims handling techniques, including utilization review,  
18 individual case management, restricted network provisions, and  
19 other managed care provisions or methods of operation consistently  
20 with respect to reinsured and nonreinsured business.

21 (9) (a) The board, as part of the plan of operation, shall  
22 establish a methodology for determining premium rates to be charged  
23 by the program for reinsuring small employers and individuals  
24 pursuant to this section. The methodology shall include a system  
25 for classification of small employers that reflects the types of  
26 case characteristics commonly used by small employer carriers in  
27 the state. The methodology shall provide for the development of  
28 base reinsurance premium rates which shall be multiplied by the

1 factors set forth in this subsection to determine the premium rates  
2 for the program. The base reinsurance premium rates shall be  
3 established by the board, subject to the approval of the director,  
4 and shall be set at levels which reasonably approximate gross  
5 premiums charged to small employers by small employer carriers for  
6 health benefit plans with benefits similar to the standard health  
7 benefit plan adjusted to reflect retention levels required under  
8 the act.

9 (b) Premiums for the program shall be as follows:

10 (i) An entire small employer group may be reinsured for a  
11 rate that is one and one-half times the base reinsurance premium  
12 rate for the group established pursuant to this subsection; and

13 (ii) An eligible employee or dependent may be reinsured  
14 for a rate that is five times the base reinsurance premium rate for  
15 the individual established pursuant to this subsection.

16 (c) The board periodically shall review the methodology  
17 established under subdivision (a) of this subsection, including the  
18 system of classification and any rating factors, to assure that it  
19 reasonably reflects the claims experience of the program. The  
20 board may propose changes to the methodology which shall be subject  
21 to the approval of the director.

22 (d) The board may consider adjustments to the premium  
23 rates charged by the program to reflect the use of effective cost  
24 containment and managed care arrangements.

25 (10) If a health benefit plan for a small employer is  
26 entirely or partially reinsured with the program, the premium  
27 charged to the small employer for any rating period for the  
28 coverage issued shall meet the requirements relating to premium

1 rates set forth in section 44-5258.

2 (11) (a) Prior to ~~March~~ April 1 of each year, the board  
3 shall determine and report to the director the program net loss for  
4 the previous calendar year, including administrative expenses and  
5 incurred losses for the year, taking into account investment income  
6 and other appropriate gains and losses.

7 (b) Any net loss for the year shall be recouped by  
8 assessments of reinsuring carriers.

9 (i) The board shall establish, as part of the plan of  
10 operation, a formula by which to make assessments against  
11 reinsuring carriers. The assessment formula shall be based on:

12 (A) Each reinsuring carrier's share of the total premiums  
13 earned in the preceding calendar year from health benefit plans  
14 delivered or issued for delivery to small employers in this state  
15 by reinsuring carriers; and

16 (B) Each reinsuring carrier's share of the premiums  
17 earned in the preceding calendar year from newly issued health  
18 benefit plans delivered or issued for delivery during the calendar  
19 year to small employers in this state by reinsuring carriers.

20 (ii) The formula established pursuant to this subsection  
21 shall not result in any reinsuring carrier having an assessment  
22 share that is less than fifty percent nor more than one hundred  
23 fifty percent of an amount which is based on the proportion of (A)  
24 the reinsuring carrier's total premiums earned in the preceding  
25 calendar year from health benefit plans delivered or issued for  
26 delivery to small employers in this state by reinsuring carriers to  
27 (B) the total premiums earned in the preceding calendar year from  
28 health benefit plans delivered or issued for delivery to small

1 employers in this state by all reinsuring carriers.

2 (iii) The board may, with approval of the director,  
3 change the assessment formula established pursuant to this  
4 subsection from time to time as appropriate. The board may provide  
5 for the shares of the assessment base attributable to total premium  
6 and to the previous year's premium to vary during a transition  
7 period.

8 (iv) Subject to the approval of the director, the board  
9 shall make an adjustment to the assessment formula for reinsuring  
10 carriers that are approved health maintenance organizations which  
11 are federally qualified under 42 U.S.C. ~~300~~ 300e et seq., as such  
12 section existed on the effective date of this act, to the extent,  
13 if any, that restrictions are placed on them that are not imposed  
14 on other small employer carriers.

15 (c) (i) Prior to ~~March~~ April 1 of each year, the board  
16 shall determine and file with the director an estimate of the  
17 assessments needed to fund the losses incurred by the program in  
18 the previous calendar year.

19 (ii) If the board determines that the assessments needed  
20 to fund the losses incurred by the program in the previous calendar  
21 year will exceed the amount specified in subdivision (c) (iii) of  
22 this subsection, the board shall evaluate the operation of the  
23 program and report its findings, including any recommendations for  
24 changes to the plan of operation, to the director within ninety  
25 days following the end of the calendar year in which the losses  
26 were incurred. The evaluation shall include an estimate of future  
27 assessments and consideration of the administrative costs of the  
28 program, the appropriateness of the premiums charged, the level of

1 insurer retention under the program, and the costs of coverage for  
2 small employers. If the board fails to file a report with the  
3 director within ninety days following the end of the applicable  
4 calendar year, the director may evaluate the operations of the  
5 program and implement such amendments to the plan of operation the  
6 director deems necessary to reduce future losses and assessments.

7 (iii) For any calendar year, the amount specified in this  
8 subdivision is one percent of total premiums earned in the previous  
9 calendar year from health benefit plans delivered or issued for  
10 delivery to small employers in this state by reinsuring carriers.

11 (d) If the assessment in any calendar year exceeds the  
12 amount specified in subdivision (c) (iii) of this subsection, the  
13 board shall notify the director who shall, within ten days of  
14 receipt of such notice, suspend the guarantee-issue requirement of  
15 subdivision (2) (b) (i) of section 44-5260 until such time as the  
16 board has implemented changes to the reinsurance program which the  
17 board, with the director's approval, determines will be sufficient  
18 to fully fund future program liabilities and administrative  
19 expenses.

20 (e) If assessments exceed net losses of the program, the  
21 excess shall be held at interest and used by the board to offset  
22 future losses or to reduce program premiums. Future losses shall  
23 include reserves for incurred but not reported claims.

24 (f) Each reinsuring carrier's proportion of the  
25 assessment shall be determined annually by the board based on  
26 annual statements and other reports deemed necessary by the board  
27 and filed by the reinsuring carriers with the board.

28 (g) The plan of operation shall provide for the



1 imposition of an interest penalty for late payment of assessments.

2 (h) A reinsuring carrier may seek from the director a  
3 deferment from all or part of an assessment imposed by the board.  
4 The director may defer all or part of the assessment of a  
5 reinsuring carrier if the director determines that the payment of  
6 the assessment would place the reinsuring carrier in a financially  
7 impaired condition. If all or part of an assessment against a  
8 reinsuring carrier is deferred the amount deferred shall be  
9 assessed against the other participating carriers in a manner  
10 consistent with the basis for assessment set forth in this  
11 subsection. The reinsuring carrier receiving the deferment shall  
12 remain liable to the program for the amount deferred and shall be  
13 prohibited from reinsuring any individuals or groups with the  
14 program until such time as it pays the assessment.

15 (12) Neither the participation in the program as  
16 reinsuring carriers, the establishment of rates, forms, or  
17 procedures, nor any other joint or collective action required by  
18 the act shall be the basis of any legal action, criminal or civil  
19 liability, or penalty against the program or any of its reinsuring  
20 carriers either jointly or separately.

21 (13) The board, as part of the plan of operation, shall  
22 develop standards setting forth the manner and level of  
23 compensation to be paid to agents and brokers for the sale of basic  
24 health benefit plans and standard health benefit plans. In  
25 establishing such standards, the board shall take into  
26 consideration the need to assure the broad availability of  
27 coverages, the objectives of the program, the time and effort  
28 expended in placing the coverage, the need to provide ongoing

1 service to the small employer, the levels of compensation currently  
2 used in the industry, and the overall costs of coverage to small  
3 employers selecting these plans.

4 (14) The program shall be exempt from any and all taxes.

5 Sec. 20. Section 44-5503, Revised Statutes Supplement,  
6 2001, is amended to read:

7 44-5503. The department, in consideration of the payment  
8 of the license fee ~~and the furnishing of a bond as provided in~~  
9 ~~section 44-5504~~, may issue a surplus lines license, revocable at  
10 any time, to any individual who currently holds an insurance  
11 producer license or to a foreign or domestic corporation. The  
12 corporate surplus lines license shall list all officers or  
13 employees of the corporation who currently hold an insurance  
14 producer license or meet the requirements for an individual surplus  
15 lines license and who have authority to transact surplus lines  
16 business on behalf of the corporation. Only individuals listed on  
17 the corporate surplus lines license shall transact surplus lines  
18 business on behalf of the corporate licensee. If the applicant is  
19 an individual, the application for the license shall include the  
20 applicant's social security number.

21 Sec. 21. Section 44-5504, Revised Statutes Supplement,  
22 2000, is amended to read:

23 44-5504. (1) No person shall place, procure, or effect  
24 insurance upon any risk located in this state in any nonadmitted  
25 insurer until such person has first been issued a surplus lines  
26 license from the department as provided in section 44-5503.

27 (2) Application for a surplus lines license shall be made  
28 to the department on forms designated and furnished by the

1 department and shall be accompanied by a license fee as established  
2 by the director not to exceed two hundred fifty dollars for each  
3 individual and corporate surplus lines license.

4 (3) (a) Before the issuance of a surplus lines license,  
5 the applicant shall file with the director and maintain in force  
6 while so licensed a bond in favor of the State of Nebraska in the  
7 penal sum of not less than ten thousand dollars with authorized  
8 surety insurers approved by the director. The director may require  
9 a bond in an amount greater than ten thousand dollars if he or she  
10 determines that the volume of business written or to be written by  
11 a licensee warrants the maintenance of such a bond. In no event  
12 shall the director require a bond greater than one hundred thousand  
13 dollars. The bond shall be conditioned that the surplus lines  
14 licensee shall: (a) Transact business under such license in  
15 accordance with the Surplus Lines Insurance Act; (b) duly account  
16 for and pay to persons entitled thereto funds received by the  
17 licensee in transactions under the license; and (c) pay the taxes  
18 required by section 44-5506. The bond shall remain in force until  
19 released by the director or until canceled by the surety. Without  
20 prejudice to any liability previously incurred under the bond, the  
21 surety may cancel the bond upon thirty days' written notice to the  
22 licensee and the director. The form of bond shall have the prior  
23 written approval of the director.

24 (4) (a) All corporate surplus lines licenses shall expire  
25 on April 30 of each year, and all individual surplus lines licenses  
26 shall expire on the licensee's birthday in the first year after  
27 issuance in which his or her age is divisible by two, and all  
28 individual surplus lines licenses may be renewed within the

1 ninety-day period before their expiration dates and all individual  
2 surplus lines licenses also may be renewed within the thirty-day  
3 period after their expiration dates upon payment of a late renewal  
4 fee as established by the director not to exceed two hundred  
5 dollars in addition to the applicable fee otherwise required for  
6 renewal of individual surplus lines licenses as established by the  
7 director pursuant to subsection (2) of this section. All  
8 individual surplus lines licenses renewed within the thirty-day  
9 period after their expiration dates pursuant to this subdivision  
10 shall be deemed to have been renewed before their expiration dates.  
11 The department shall establish procedures for the renewal of  
12 surplus lines licenses.

13 (b) Every licensee shall notify the department within  
14 thirty days of any changes in the licensee's residential or  
15 business address.

16 Sec. 22. Section 44-5601, Reissue Revised Statutes of  
17 Nebraska, is amended to read:

18 44-5601. Sections 44-5601 to 44-5613 and sections 24 and  
19 25 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the Reinsurance  
20 Intermediary Act.

21 Sec. 23. Section 44-5603, Reissue Revised Statutes of  
22 Nebraska, is amended to read:

23 44-5603. (1) No person, firm, association, or  
24 corporation shall act as a reinsurance intermediary-broker in this  
25 state if the reinsurance intermediary-broker maintains an office  
26 directly, as a member or employee of a firm or association, or as  
27 an officer, director, or employee of a corporation:

28 (a) In this state unless such reinsurance

1 intermediary-broker is a licensed producer or reinsurance  
2 intermediary in this state; or

3 (b) In another state unless such reinsurance  
4 intermediary-broker is a licensed producer or reinsurance  
5 intermediary in this state or another state having a law  
6 substantially similar to the Reinsurance Intermediary Act or such  
7 reinsurance intermediary-broker is licensed in this state as a  
8 nonresident reinsurance intermediary.

9 (2) No person, firm, association, or corporation shall  
10 act as a reinsurance intermediary-manager:

11 (a) For a reinsurer domiciled in this state unless such  
12 reinsurance intermediary-manager is a licensed producer or  
13 reinsurance intermediary in this state; or

14 (b) In this state if the reinsurance intermediary-manager  
15 maintains an office directly, as a member or employee of a firm or  
16 association, or as an officer, director, or employee of a  
17 corporation in this state unless such reinsurance  
18 intermediary-manager is a licensed producer or reinsurance  
19 intermediary in this state. ~~+ or~~

20 ~~(c) In another state for an insurer not domiciled in this~~  
21 ~~state unless such reinsurance intermediary-manager is a licensed~~  
22 ~~producer in this state or another state having a law substantially~~  
23 ~~similar to the Reinsurance Intermediary Act or such reinsurance~~  
24 ~~intermediary-manager is licensed in this state as a nonresident~~  
25 ~~reinsurance intermediary.~~

26 (3) The director may require a resident reinsurance  
27 intermediary-manager subject to subsection (2) of this section to:

28 (a) File a bond in an amount from an insurer acceptable

1 to the director for the protection of the reinsurer; and

2 (b) Maintain an errors and omissions policy in an amount  
3 acceptable to the director.

4 (4)(a) The director may issue a reinsurance intermediary  
5 license to any person, firm, association, or corporation which has  
6 complied with the requirements of the Reinsurance Intermediary Act.  
7 Any such license issued to a firm or association shall authorize  
8 all the members of such firm or association and any designated  
9 employees to act as reinsurance intermediaries under the license,  
10 and all such persons shall be named in the application and any  
11 supplements thereto. Any such license issued to a corporation  
12 shall authorize all of the officers and any designated employees  
13 and directors to act as reinsurance intermediaries on behalf of  
14 such corporation, and all such persons shall be named in the  
15 application and any supplements thereto.

16 (b) If the applicant for a reinsurance intermediary  
17 license is a nonresident, such applicant, as a condition precedent  
18 to receiving or holding a license, shall (i) designate the director  
19 as agent for service of process in the manner and with the same  
20 legal effect provided for by Chapter 44 for designation of agents  
21 for service of process upon unauthorized insurers and (ii) furnish  
22 the director with the name and address of a resident of this state  
23 upon whom notices or orders of the director or process affecting  
24 such nonresident reinsurance intermediary may be served. Such  
25 licensee shall promptly notify the director in writing of every  
26 change in its designated agent for service of process, and such  
27 change shall not become effective until acknowledged by the  
28 director.

1           (5) The director may refuse to issue a reinsurance  
2 intermediary license if in his or her judgment he or she determines  
3 that the applicant, any person named on the application, or any  
4 member, principal, officer, or director of the applicant is not  
5 trustworthy, that any controlling person of such applicant is not  
6 trustworthy to act as a reinsurance intermediary, or that any of  
7 the foregoing have given cause for revocation or suspension of such  
8 license or have failed to comply with any prerequisite for the  
9 issuance of such license. Upon written request by the applicant,  
10 the director shall furnish to the applicant a summary of the basis  
11 for refusal to issue a license, which summary shall be privileged  
12 and not subject to public disclosure.

13           (6) (a) Applications for resident reinsurance intermediary  
14 licenses shall be made to the director on forms designated and  
15 furnished by the director and shall be accompanied by a license fee  
16 established by the director not to exceed two hundred fifty  
17 dollars. If the applicant is an individual, the application for  
18 the license shall also include the applicant's social security  
19 number.

20           (b) The director shall issue a nonresident reinsurance  
21 intermediary license if:

22           (i) The person is currently licensed as a resident  
23 reinsurance intermediary or insurance producer and is in good  
24 standing in his or her home state;

25           (ii) The person has submitted or transmitted to the  
26 director the application for licensure that the person submitted to  
27 his or her home state, or in lieu of that application, a completed  
28 application deemed appropriate by the director, accompanied by a

1 license fee established by the director not to exceed two hundred  
2 and fifty dollars; and

3 (iii) The person's home state awards nonresident licenses  
4 to residents of this state on the same basis.

5 (c) All reinsurance intermediary licenses shall expire on  
6 April 30 of each year. Reinsurance intermediary licenses may be  
7 renewed within the ninety-day period before their expiration dates.  
8 The director shall establish procedures for the renewal of  
9 reinsurance intermediary licenses. Every licensee shall notify the  
10 director within thirty days of any change in the licensee's  
11 business or residential address.

12 (7) Attorneys of this state acting in their professional  
13 capacity shall be exempt from this section.

14 Sec. 24. (1) The director shall waive any requirements  
15 for a nonresident reinsurance intermediary license applicant with a  
16 valid license from the applicant's home state, except the  
17 requirements imposed by section 44-5603, if the applicant's home  
18 state awards nonresident licenses to residents of this state on the  
19 same basis.

20 (2) A nonresident reinsurance intermediary's satisfaction  
21 of any applicable home-state continuing education requirements, if  
22 any, for licensed insurance producers or reinsurance intermediaries  
23 shall constitute satisfaction of the continuing education  
24 requirements of this state if the home state of the reinsurance  
25 intermediary recognizes the satisfaction of its continuing  
26 education requirements imposed upon insurance producers or  
27 reinsurance intermediaries from this state on the same basis.

28 Sec. 25. A reinsurance intermediary, by accepting



1 licensure in this state, is deemed to have consented to the  
2 jurisdiction of the director and of the courts of this state with  
3 respect to all activities conducted under the license and to have  
4 designated the director as its agent for service of process. Each  
5 licensed reinsurance intermediary shall furnish the director with  
6 the name and address of a designated contact resident of this state  
7 to whom notices or orders of the director or process affecting the  
8 reinsurance intermediary may be forwarded. The licensee shall  
9 promptly notify the director in writing of every change in its  
10 designated contact for services of process, and such changes shall  
11 not become effective until acknowledged by the director.

12           Sec. 26.     Section 44-5814, Reissue Revised Statutes of  
13 Nebraska, is amended to read:

14           44-5814. (1) Each third-party administrator shall file  
15 an annual report for the preceding calendar year with the director  
16 on or before March 1 of each year or within such extension of time  
17 therefor as the director for good cause may grant. The annual  
18 report shall be in the form and contain such matters as the  
19 director prescribes and shall be verified by at least two officers  
20 of the third-party administrator.

21           (2) The annual report shall include the complete names  
22 and addresses of all insurers with which the third-party  
23 administrator had a written agreement during the preceding fiscal  
24 year.

25           (3) At the time of filing its annual report, the  
26 third-party administrator shall pay to the director a filing fee of  
27 two hundred dollars.

28           (4) (a) Within seven business days after the failure of a

1 third-party administrator to comply with the requirements of this  
2 section, the director shall notify the third-party administrator of  
3 such failure.

4 (b) Subject to subdivision (4)(c) of this section, if a  
5 third-party administrator fails to comply with the requirements of  
6 this section and any rules and regulations adopted and promulgated  
7 under this section and any orders issued under this section:

8 (i) Such third-party administrator shall forfeit fifty  
9 dollars for each day thereafter such failure continues and the  
10 third-party administrator continues to transact any business of  
11 insurance; and

12 (ii) In addition to the forfeiture required under  
13 subdivision (4)(b)(i) of this section, the director may suspend or  
14 refuse to renew the certificate of authority of the third-party  
15 administrator until it has complied with the requirements of this  
16 section and any rules and regulations adopted and promulgated under  
17 this section and any orders issued under this section. All such  
18 forfeitures collected by the director shall be remitted to the  
19 State Treasurer for credit to the permanent school fund.

20 (c) For good and sufficient cause shown, the director may  
21 grant a reasonable extension of time not to exceed thirty days  
22 within which the annual report may be filed as required under this  
23 section without the forfeiture required under subdivision (4)(b)(i)  
24 of this section and without any suspension or refusal to renew  
25 authorized under subdivision (4)(b)(ii) of this section.

26 Sec. 27. Section 44-5815, Reissue Revised Statutes of  
27 Nebraska, is amended to read:

28 44-5815. (1) The director shall suspend or revoke the

1 certificate of authority as a third-party administrator if the  
2 director finds that the third-party administrator:

3 (a) Is in an unsound financial condition;

4 (b) Is using such methods or practices in the conduct of  
5 its business so as to render its further transaction of business in  
6 this state hazardous or injurious to certificate holders,  
7 subscribers, or the public; or

8 (c) Has failed to pay any judgment rendered against it in  
9 this state within sixty days after the judgment has become final.

10 (2) The director may, in his or her discretion, suspend  
11 or revoke the certificate of authority as a third-party  
12 administrator if the director finds that the third-party  
13 administrator:

14 (a) Has violated any lawful rule or regulation or order  
15 of the director or any provision of the insurance laws of this  
16 state;

17 (b) Has refused to be examined or to produce its  
18 accounts, records, and files for examination or if any of its  
19 officers has refused to give information with respect to its  
20 affairs or has refused to perform any other legal obligation as to  
21 such examination, when required by the director;

22 (c) Has, without just cause, refused to pay proper claims  
23 or perform services arising under its contracts or has, without  
24 just cause, caused certificate holders, subscribers, or claimants  
25 to accept less than the amount due them or caused certificate  
26 holders, subscribers, or claimants to retain attorneys or bring  
27 actions against the third-party administrator to secure full  
28 payment or settlement of such claims;

1           (d) Is affiliated with or under the same general  
2 management or interlocking directorate or ownership as another  
3 third-party administrator or insurer which unlawfully transacts  
4 business in this state without having a certificate of authority as  
5 a third-party administrator;

6           (e) At any time fails to meet any qualification for which  
7 issuance of the certificate of authority as a third-party  
8 administrator could have been refused had such failure then existed  
9 and been known to the director;

10           (f) Has been convicted of or has entered a plea of guilty  
11 or nolo contendere to a felony without regard to whether  
12 adjudication was withheld; or

13           (g) Is under suspension or revocation in another state.

14           (3) The director may, in his or her discretion and  
15 without advance notice or hearing thereon, immediately suspend the  
16 certificate of authority as a third-party administrator if the  
17 director finds that one or more of the following circumstances  
18 exist:

19           (a) The third-party administrator is insolvent or  
20 impaired;

21           (b) A proceeding for supervision, rehabilitation,  
22 conservation, receivership, or other delinquency proceeding  
23 regarding the third-party administrator has been commenced in any  
24 state; or

25           (c) The financial condition or business practices of the  
26 third-party administrator otherwise pose an imminent threat to the  
27 public health, safety, or welfare of the residents of this state.

28           (4) ~~If~~ Except as provided in subsection (4) of section

1 44-5814, if the director finds that one or more grounds exist for  
2 the suspension or revocation of a certificate of authority as a  
3 third-party administrator, the director may, in lieu of such  
4 suspension or revocation and after notice and hearing, impose an  
5 administrative penalty upon the third-party administrator in an  
6 amount not less than one thousand dollars nor more than ten  
7 thousand dollars.

8           Sec. 28. Section 44-6901, Revised Statutes Supplement,  
9 2000, is amended to read:

10           44-6901. For purposes of sections 44-6901 to 44-6918 and  
11 sections 29 and 32 of this act, the definitions found in sections  
12 44-6902 to 44-6915.01 and section 29 of this act shall be used.

13           Sec. 29. Health maintenance organization means a person  
14 that undertakes to provide or arrange for the delivery of basic  
15 health care services to enrollees on a prepaid basis, except for  
16 enrollee responsibility for copayments or deductibles or both.

17           Sec. 30. Section 44-6915, Revised Statutes Supplement,  
18 2000, is amended to read:

19           44-6915. Preexisting condition means a condition whether  
20 physical or mental, regardless of the cause of the condition, for  
21 which medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended  
22 or received within the six-month period ending on the enrollment  
23 date. Genetic information shall not be treated as a condition for  
24 which a preexisting condition exclusion may be imposed in the  
25 absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to such  
26 information.

27           Preexisting condition does not mean a condition for which  
28 medical advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or

1 received for the first time while the covered person held  
2 creditable coverage and that was a covered benefit under the health  
3 benefit plan, if the prior coverage was continuous to a date not  
4 more than sixty-three days prior to the enrollment date of the new  
5 coverage.

6           Sec. 31.     Section 44-6916, Reissue Revised Statutes of  
7 Nebraska, is amended to read:

8           44-6916. (1) A health carrier shall not:

9           (a) Offer coverage to only certain individuals in an  
10 employer group or to only a part of the group except in the case of  
11 late enrollees;

12           (b) Require any individual to pay a premium which is  
13 greater than such premium for a similarly situated individual  
14 enrolled in the health benefit plan on the basis of any  
15 health-status-related factor in relation to the individual or a  
16 dependent; or

17           (c) Establish rules for eligibility and continued  
18 eligibility of any individual to enroll under the terms of the  
19 health benefit plan based on a health-status-related factor of the  
20 individual or a dependent.

21           (2) A health benefit plan shall not deny, exclude, or  
22 limit benefits for a covered individual for losses incurred more  
23 than twelve months, or eighteen months in the case of a late  
24 enrollee, following the enrollment date of the individual's  
25 coverage due to a preexisting condition or the first date of the  
26 waiting period for enrollment if that date is earlier than the  
27 enrollment date. Genetic information shall not be treated as a  
28 preexisting condition unless there is a diagnosis of the condition

1 related to such information. A health benefit plan shall not  
2 define a preexisting condition more restrictively than as defined  
3 in section 44-6915. A health benefit plan shall not impose any  
4 preexisting condition exclusion relating to pregnancy as a  
5 preexisting condition.

6 (3) A health benefit plan shall not impose any  
7 preexisting condition exclusion:

8 (a) To an individual who, as of the last day of the  
9 thirty-day period beginning with the date of birth, is covered  
10 under creditable coverage, and the individual had creditable  
11 coverage that was continuous to a date not more than sixty-three  
12 days prior to the enrollment date of new coverage; or

13 (b) To a child less than eighteen years of age who is  
14 adopted or placed for adoption and who, as of the last day of the  
15 thirty-day period beginning on the date of the adoption or  
16 placement for adoption, is covered under creditable coverage, and  
17 the child had creditable coverage that was continuous to a date not  
18 more than sixty-three days prior to the enrollment date of new  
19 coverage.

20 (4) A health carrier shall waive any time period  
21 applicable to a preexisting condition exclusion or limitation  
22 period with respect to particular services in a health benefit plan  
23 for the aggregate period of time an individual was previously  
24 covered by creditable coverage that provided benefits with respect  
25 to such services if the creditable coverage was continuous to a  
26 date not more than sixty-three days prior to the enrollment date of  
27 new coverage. The period of continuous coverage shall not include  
28 any waiting period or affiliation period for the effective date of

1 the new coverage applied by the plan sponsor or the health carrier.  
2 This subsection shall not preclude application of any waiting  
3 period applicable to all new enrollees under the health benefit  
4 plan.

5 (5) (a) A health carrier shall permit an eligible employee  
6 or dependent, who requests enrollment following the open enrollment  
7 opportunity, to enroll, and the eligible employee or dependent  
8 shall not be considered a late enrollee if the eligible employee or  
9 dependent:

10 (i) Was covered under another health benefit plan at the  
11 time the eligible employee or dependent was eligible to enroll;

12 (ii) Stated in writing at the time of the open enrollment  
13 period that coverage under another health benefit plan was the  
14 reason for declining enrollment but only if the health benefit plan  
15 or health carrier required such a written statement and provided a  
16 notice of the consequences of such written statement;

17 (iii) Has lost coverage under another health benefit plan  
18 as a result of the termination of employment, the termination of  
19 the other health benefit plan's coverage, death of a spouse, legal  
20 separation, or divorce or was under a continuation-of-coverage  
21 policy or contract available under federal law and the coverage was  
22 exhausted; and

23 (iv) Requests enrollment within thirty days after the  
24 termination of coverage under the other health benefit plan.

25 (b) (i) If a health carrier issues a health benefit plan  
26 and makes coverage available to a dependent of an eligible employee  
27 and such dependent becomes a dependent of the eligible employee  
28 through marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption, then



1 such health benefit plan shall provide for a dependent special  
2 enrollment period during which the dependent may be enrolled under  
3 the health benefit plan and, in the case of the birth or adoption  
4 of a child, the spouse of an eligible employee may be enrolled if  
5 otherwise eligible for coverage.

6 (ii) A dependent special enrollment period shall be a  
7 period of not less than thirty days and shall begin on the later of  
8 (A) the date such dependent coverage is available or (B) the date  
9 of the marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption.

10 (iii) If an eligible employee seeks to enroll a dependent  
11 during the first thirty days of such a dependent special enrollment  
12 period, the coverage of the dependent shall become effective:

13 (A) In the case of marriage, not later than the first day  
14 of the first month beginning after the date the completed request  
15 for enrollment is received;

16 (B) In the case of the birth of a dependent, as of the  
17 date of birth; and

18 (C) In the case of a dependent's adoption or placement  
19 for adoption, the date of such adoption or placement for adoption.

20 (6) (a) A health maintenance organization which offers  
21 health insurance coverage in connection with a group health plan  
22 and which does not impose any preexisting condition exclusion with  
23 respect to any particular coverage option may impose an affiliation  
24 period for such coverage option but only if:

25 (i) Such period is applied uniformly without regard to  
26 any health-status-related factors; and

27 (ii) Such period does not exceed two months or, in the  
28 case of a late enrollee, three months.

1           (b) An affiliation period under a group health plan shall  
2 run concurrently with any waiting period under the group health  
3 plan.

4           (c) A health maintenance organization may use alternative  
5 methods, from those described in subdivision (6)(a) of this  
6 section, to address adverse selection, as approved by the director.

7           Sec. 32.   (1) Health carriers shall provide written  
8 certification of creditable coverage to individuals in accordance  
9 with subsection (2) of this section.

10           (2) The certification of creditable coverage shall be  
11 provided:

12           (a) At the time an individual ceases to be covered under  
13 the health benefit plan or otherwise becomes covered under a COBRA  
14 continuation provision;

15           (b) In the case of an individual who becomes covered  
16 under a COBRA continuation provision, at the time the individual  
17 ceases to be covered under that provision; and

18           (c) At the time a request is made on behalf of an  
19 individual if the request is made not later than twenty-four months  
20 after the date of cessation of coverage described in subdivision  
21 (2)(a) or (b) of this section, whichever is later.

22           (3) Health carriers may provide the certification of  
23 creditable coverage required under subdivision (2)(a) of this  
24 section at a time consistent with notices required under any  
25 applicable COBRA continuation provision.

26           (4) The certificate of creditable coverage required to be  
27 provided pursuant to subsection (1) of this section shall contain:

28           (a) Written certification of the period of creditable

1 coverage of the individual under the health benefit plan and the  
2 coverage, if any, under the applicable COBRA continuation  
3 provision; and

4 (b) The waiting period, if any, and, if applicable,  
5 affiliation period imposed with respect to the individual for any  
6 coverage under the health benefit plan.

7 (5) To the extent medical care under a group health plan  
8 consists of group health insurance coverage, the plan is deemed to  
9 have satisfied the certification requirement under subsection (1)  
10 of this section if the health carrier offering the coverage  
11 provides for certification in accordance with subsection (2) of  
12 this section.

13 (6)(a) If an individual enrolls in a group health plan  
14 that uses the alternative method of counting creditable coverage  
15 pursuant to subdivision (6)(c) of section 44-6916 and the  
16 individual provides a certificate of coverage that was provided to  
17 the individual pursuant to subsection (3) of this section, on  
18 request of the group health plan, the entity that issued the  
19 certification to the individual promptly shall disclose to the  
20 group health plan information on the classes and categories of  
21 health benefits available under the entity's health benefit plan.

22 (b) The entity providing the information pursuant to  
23 subdivision (6)(a) of this section may charge the requesting group  
24 health plan the reasonable cost of disclosing the information.

25 Sec. 33. Section 44-6918, Revised Statutes Supplement,  
26 2000, is amended to read:

27 44-6918. The director may adopt and promulgate rules and  
28 regulations to carry out sections 44-6901 to 44-6918 and sections

1 29 and 32 of this act.

2           Sec. 34. Section 44-7505, Revised Statutes Supplement,  
3 2000, is amended to read:

4           44-7505. (1) The Property and Casualty Insurance Rate  
5 and Form Act applies to any insurer holding a certificate of  
6 authority issued by the director to transact insurance business in  
7 this state for the lines of insurance specified in subdivisions (5)  
8 through (14) and (16) through (20) of section 44-201 and to any  
9 combination of any of the foregoing on risks or operations in this  
10 state.

11           (2) The act does not apply to:

12           (a) Reinsurance, except as provided in section 44-7525  
13 for joint reinsurance pools;

14           (b) Ocean marine insurance;

15           (c) Rating systems for insurance against loss or damage  
16 to aircraft or against liability, other than workers' compensation  
17 and employers liability, arising out of the ownership, maintenance,  
18 or use of aircraft;

19           (d) Rating systems or policy forms used ~~for~~ by insurers  
20 to provide warranties or service contracts, or rating systems or  
21 policy forms used by insurers to provide coverage for the risk  
22 assumed by businesses that provide warranties or service contracts  
23 for their customers;

24           (e) Rating systems or policy forms for financial guaranty  
25 insurance as defined in subdivision (19) of section 44-201, except  
26 that the act applies to financial guaranty coverage for loss of  
27 value for motor vehicles leased or sold on credit to private  
28 parties;

1           (f) Rating systems for the lines of insurance specified  
2 in subdivisions (5), (7), and (18) of section 44-201 for insurance  
3 written by domestic assessment associations doing business under  
4 Chapter 44, article 8; and

5           (g) Policy forms or rates for contracts of suretyship,  
6 except that policy forms and prospective loss costs developed or  
7 filed by advisory organizations are subject to the act.

8           Sec. 35. Section 44-7509, Revised Statutes Supplement,  
9 2000, is amended to read:

10           44-7509. (1) For medical professional liability  
11 insurance and for insurance subject to section 44-7508, insurers  
12 may increase or decrease premiums on an individual risk basis up to  
13 forty percent based on any factor except:

14           (a) The rate adjustment cannot be based upon the race,  
15 creed, national origin, or religion of the insured; and

16           (b) The rate adjustment cannot violate the Unfair  
17 Discrimination Against Subjects of Abuse in Insurance Act.

18           (2) If the director finds after a hearing that (a) the  
19 utilization of this section by the insurance industry has produced  
20 a significant number of rate modifications at or near the upper  
21 limit and at the lower limit of the allowable range of modification  
22 and (b) the modifiers at and near the upper and lower limits of the  
23 allowable range of modification appear to be predominantly  
24 correlated with individual risk factors that relate to expected  
25 losses and expenses, the director may, by rules and regulations,  
26 broaden the range of plus or minus forty percent for any line or  
27 type of insurance subject to section 44-7508.

28           (3) If the director finds after a hearing that modifiers

1 at or near the upper or lower limits of the allowable range of  
2 modification are not predominantly correlated with individual risk  
3 factors that relate to expected losses and expenses, the director  
4 may, by rules and regulations, reduce the range of plus or minus  
5 forty percent for any line or type of insurance subject to section  
6 44-7508, but such reduction shall not be to less than plus or minus  
7 twenty-five percent.

8           Sec. 36. Section 44-7510, Revised Statutes Supplement,  
9 2000, is amended to read:

10           44-7510. (1) Rating systems shall not produce premiums  
11 that are excessive. A premium level is excessive if it is likely  
12 to produce a profit that is unreasonably high for the insurance  
13 provided or if expenses are unreasonably high in relation to  
14 services rendered. In the evaluation of a premium level, due  
15 consideration shall be given to loss experience within and outside  
16 this state; reasonably anticipated trends; investment income;  
17 special assessments, conflagration, and catastrophe hazards; a  
18 reasonable margin for profit; dividends, savings, or unabsorbed  
19 premium deposits allowed or returned by insurers to policyholders,  
20 members, or subscribers; expense experience both countrywide and  
21 specially applicable to this state; and other relevant factors.

22           (2) Rating systems shall not produce premiums that are  
23 inadequate. A premium level is inadequate only if (a) it would  
24 endanger the solvency of the insurer or (b) it would not be  
25 expected to generate a profit on a direct basis and would be likely  
26 to have the effect of diminishing competition.

27           (3) (a) Rating systems shall not produce premiums that are  
28 unfairly discriminatory. Premiums are unfairly discriminatory if,

1 after allowing for practical limitations, price differentials fail  
2 to equitably reflect differences in expense requirements or  
3 expected losses.

4 (b) Risks may be grouped by classification groupings that  
5 identify objective risk differences for the establishment of rates  
6 and prospective loss costs and for the use of rating systems.

7 (c) Rates and premiums may be modified for individual  
8 risks or groups of risks in accordance with objective standards for  
9 measuring differences among risks or groups of risks that can be  
10 demonstrated to have a probable effect upon losses or expenses.  
11 The fact that experience rating plans use loss reserves shall not  
12 be interpreted as making experience rating plans subjective.

13 (d) Notwithstanding subdivisions (3)(b) and (c) of this  
14 section, fire insurance rating plans applying to commercial risks  
15 for the sole use by advisory organizations that contain reasonable  
16 subjective rating factors, but that otherwise meet the standards  
17 contained in the Property and Casualty Insurance Rate and Form Act,  
18 shall be approved.

19 (e) A rate is not unfairly discriminatory if it is  
20 averaged broadly among persons insured under a group, franchise, or  
21 blanket policy or a mass marketed plan. Mass marketed plan means a  
22 method of selling property liability insurance wherein:

23 (i) The insurance is offered to employees of particular  
24 employers, members of particular associations or organizations, or  
25 stockholders of publicly held corporations or to persons grouped in  
26 other ways, except groupings formed principally for the purpose of  
27 obtaining such insurance; and

28 (ii) The employer or other organization has agreed to, or

1 otherwise affiliated itself with, the sale of such insurance to its  
2 employees or other groupings of persons affiliated with it.

3 ~~(e)~~ (f) An insurer may have different rate levels for  
4 otherwise similar insureds based on expense differences between  
5 coverage sold:

6 (i) Through direct sales using employees of the insurer;

7 (ii) Through direct sales by the insurer using the  
8 Internet; and

9 (iii) Through agents that are not employees of the  
10 insurer.

11 ~~(f)~~ (g) No risk classification or grouping may be based  
12 upon the race, creed, national origin, or religion of the insured.

13 ~~(g)~~ (h) No rating system may violate the Unfair  
14 Discrimination Against Subjects of Abuse in Insurance Act.

15 (4) Prospective loss costs shall be as near as is  
16 practical to the expected cost of future losses, including loss  
17 adjustment expenses. Anticipated special assessments may be  
18 included with prospective loss costs.

19 Sec. 37. Section 44-7511, Revised Statutes Supplement,  
20 2000, is amended to read:

21 44-7511. (1) Each insurer to which this section applies  
22 as provided in section 44-7506 shall file with the director every  
23 rating system and every modification of such rating system that it  
24 proposes to use. No insurer shall issue a contract or policy  
25 except in accordance with the filings that are in effect for such  
26 insurer as provided in the Property and Casualty Insurance Rate and  
27 Form Act, except:

28 (a) As provided in subsections (6) and (7) of this



1 section;

2 (b) As provided by rules and regulations adopted and  
3 promulgated pursuant to section 44-7515; or

4 (c) For types of inland marine risks that have, by custom  
5 of the industry, not been written according to manual rates or  
6 rating plans. For types of inland marine risks for which the  
7 custom of the industry has not been established, the director shall  
8 consider the similarity of the new insurance to existing types of  
9 insurance and classes of risk and whether it would be reasonably  
10 practical to create and file rating systems prior to use.

11 (2) Every filing shall state its proposed effective date,  
12 which shall not be prior to the date that the director receives the  
13 filing. Instead of a specific date, a filing may indicate that it  
14 will be effective a reasonable specified period of time after  
15 approval or that the insurer will notify the director of the  
16 effective date within ninety days after approval.

17 (3) Every filing shall provide an objective description  
18 of the risks and the coverages to which the rating system will  
19 apply. If the insurer has another rating system on file or pending  
20 that applies to some or all of these same risks, the filing shall  
21 disclose this and shall objectively identify those risks to which  
22 each rating system will apply. Filings shall include a list of  
23 manual pages and other rating system elements that will be replaced  
24 when the approval of a filing will result in the replacement or  
25 alteration of previously approved rating systems. In addition,  
26 insurers shall maintain listings of manual pages and other rating  
27 system elements that have been approved by the director so that  
28 such listings can be provided upon request.

1           (4) Each insurer shall file or incorporate by reference  
2 to material filed with the director all supporting information  
3 relating to a rating system. If a filing is not accompanied by  
4 such information or if additional information is required to  
5 complete review of the filing, the director may require the filer  
6 to furnish the information, and in that event the review period in  
7 subsection (10) of this section shall commence on the date such  
8 information is received by the director. If a filer fails to  
9 furnish the required information within ninety days, the director  
10 may, by written notice sent to the insurer, deem the filing as  
11 withdrawn and not available for use.

12           (5) An insurer may authorize the director to accept  
13 rating system filings and prospective loss cost filings made on its  
14 behalf by an advisory organization. The insurer shall file  
15 additional information as is necessary to complete its rating  
16 systems on file with the director.

17           (6) (a) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (6) (b)  
18 of this section for workers' compensation insurance and subdivision  
19 (6) (c) for medical professional liability insurance, a rate or  
20 premium in excess of that provided by a filing otherwise applicable  
21 may be used on any specific risk upon the prior written application  
22 of the insured that describes the insured's unusual or  
23 extrahazardous exposures that are not otherwise contemplated by the  
24 rates on file for that class of risk, filed with and approved by  
25 the director.

26           (b) For workers' compensation insurance, a rate or  
27 premium in excess of that provided by a filing otherwise applicable  
28 may be used for any specific employer upon the prior written

1 consent of the employer that describes its unusual or  
2 extrahazardous exposures that are not otherwise contemplated by the  
3 rates on file for that employer's rate classification. For  
4 employers that are offered coverage at a rate higher than would be  
5 available in the assigned risk plan, the consent must include an  
6 acknowledgment of the availability of coverage at a lower price  
7 from the assigned risk plan. Such signed consent shall be filed  
8 with the director no later than thirty days after the effective  
9 date of the insurance to which it applies. The director shall  
10 monitor such rate applications to assure compliance with this  
11 subsection. The director may, after a hearing, require by order  
12 that such applications for an insurer that has demonstrated a  
13 pattern of using this rating device for employers that do not  
14 possess unusual or extrahazardous exposures, or that otherwise  
15 fails to comply with this subsection, shall be subject to prior  
16 approval pursuant to subdivision (6)(a) of this section. Upon  
17 application by an insurer affected by such order, demonstrating  
18 that its filings made subsequent to the order have been in  
19 compliance with this subdivision, the director shall vacate such  
20 order. The director shall consider any such application within  
21 thirty days after its receipt for any order that has been in effect  
22 for more than nine months since its inception or since it was last  
23 reviewed by the director pursuant to an application by the insurer.

24 (c) For medical professional liability insurance, a rate  
25 or premium in excess of that provided by a filing otherwise  
26 applicable may be used for any specific medical professional upon  
27 the prior written consent of the medical professional that  
28 describes its unusual or extrahazardous exposures that are not

1 otherwise contemplated by the rates on file for that medical  
2 professional's rate classification. Such signed consent shall be  
3 filed with the director no later than thirty days after the  
4 effective date of the insurance to which it applies. The director  
5 shall monitor such rate applications to assure compliance with this  
6 subsection. The director may, after a hearing, require by order  
7 that such applications for an insurer that has demonstrated a  
8 pattern of using this rating device for medical professionals that  
9 do not possess unusual or extrahazardous exposures, or that  
10 otherwise fails to comply with this subsection, shall be subject to  
11 prior approval pursuant to subdivision (6)(a) of this section.  
12 Upon application by an insurer affected by such order,  
13 demonstrating that its filings made subsequent to the order have  
14 been in compliance with this subdivision, the director shall vacate  
15 such order. The director shall consider any such application  
16 within thirty days after its receipt for any order that has been in  
17 effect for more than nine months since its inception or since it  
18 was last reviewed by the director pursuant to an application by the  
19 insurer.

20 (7) The director may by rules and regulations or by order  
21 suspend or modify the filing requirements of this section as to any  
22 type of insurance or class of risk for which rating systems cannot  
23 practicably be filed before they are used. In making this finding,  
24 the director shall ascertain whether a system of rating  
25 classifications and exposure bases that would equitably reflect the  
26 differences in expense requirements and expected losses between  
27 individual risks has been developed or appears reasonably capable  
28 of being developed. The director may examine insurers as is

1 necessary to ascertain whether any rating systems affected by such  
2 rules and regulations meet the standards contained in this section.

3 (8) No filing or any supporting information provided by  
4 an insurer pursuant to this section shall be open to public  
5 inspection pursuant to sections 84-712 to 84-712.09 before the  
6 approval or disapproval of the filing unless publicly disclosed in  
7 an open court, open administrative proceeding, or open meeting or  
8 disclosed by the director pursuant to statute. Correspondence  
9 specifically relating to individual risks shall be confidential and  
10 may not be made public by the director except as may be compiled in  
11 summaries of such activity.

12 (9) The director shall review filings as soon as  
13 reasonably possible after they have been made. The director shall  
14 disapprove a filing if:

15 (a) The filing fails to meet the standards contained in  
16 section 44-7510;

17 (b) The insurer has more than one rating system  
18 applicable to the line or type of insurance and the insurer fails  
19 to specify objective differences between risks to determine the  
20 risks and the coverages to which the rating system will apply;

21 (c) The filing proposes to discriminate between risks  
22 based on optional commission differences for agents; or

23 (d) The filing discriminates between risks based on  
24 subjective factors, except that (i) an experience rating plan may  
25 use loss reserves without being considered as subjective and (ii) a  
26 fire insurance rating plan applying to commercial risks filed for  
27 the sole use by an advisory organization may be approved even  
28 though it contains subjective rating factors.

1           (10) Within thirty days after receipt, the director shall  
2 approve a filing that meets the requirements of the act, except  
3 that this review period may be extended for an additional period  
4 not to exceed thirty days if the director gives written notice  
5 within the original review period to the insurer or advisory  
6 organization. A filing shall be deemed to meet the requirements of  
7 the act unless disapproved by the director within the review period  
8 or any extension thereof.

9           (11) If, within the review period provided by subsection  
10 (10) of this section or any extension thereof, the director finds  
11 that a filing does not meet the requirements of the act, a written  
12 disapproval notice shall be sent to the insurer. Such notice shall  
13 specify in what respects the filing fails to meet these  
14 requirements and state that such filing shall not become effective.

15           (12) Filings shall become effective on their proposed  
16 effective date if approved or deemed approved on or before that  
17 date. Filings approved or deemed approved after their proposed  
18 effective dates shall become effective after notification by the  
19 insurer of a revised effective date, which shall not be prior to  
20 the date that the insurer mails the notification to the director.  
21 If an insurer fails to furnish a revised effective date within a  
22 reasonable period of time not less than ninety days, the director  
23 may, by written notice sent to the insurer, deem the filing as  
24 withdrawn and not available for use.

25           (13) An insurer or advisory organization whose filing is  
26 disapproved may, within thirty days after receipt of a disapproval  
27 notice, request a hearing in accordance with section 44-7532.

28           (14) If, at any time after approval, the director finds

1 that a rating system or modification thereof does not meet or no  
2 longer meets the requirements of the act, the director shall hold a  
3 hearing in accordance with section 44-7532.

4 (15) Any insured aggrieved with respect to any filing may  
5 make written application to the director for a hearing on such  
6 filing. The hearing application shall specify the grounds to be  
7 relied upon by the applicant. If the director finds that the  
8 hearing application is made in good faith, that a remedy would be  
9 available if the grounds are established, or that such grounds  
10 otherwise justify holding a hearing, the director shall hold a  
11 hearing in accordance with section 44-7532.

12 (16) If, after a hearing initiated pursuant to subsection  
13 (14) or (15) of this section, the director finds that a filing does  
14 not meet the requirements of the act, the director shall issue an  
15 order stating in what respects such filing fails to meet the  
16 requirements and when, within a reasonable period thereafter, such  
17 rating system or aspect of a rating system shall no longer be used.  
18 Copies of the order shall be sent to the applicant, if applicable,  
19 and to every affected insurer and advisory organization. The order  
20 shall not affect any contract or policy made or issued prior to the  
21 expiration of the period set forth in the order.

22 Sec. 38. Section 44-7513, Revised Statutes Supplement,  
23 2000, is amended to read:

24 44-7513. (1) Each insurer shall file with the director  
25 every policy form and related attachment rule and every  
26 modification thereof which it proposes to use. No insurer shall  
27 issue a contract or policy except in accordance with the filings  
28 that are in effect for such insurer as provided in the Property and

1 Casualty Insurance Rate and Form Act except as provided in  
2 subsection (6) or (7) of this section or as provided by rules and  
3 regulations adopted and promulgated pursuant to section 44-7514 or  
4 44-7515.

5 (2) Every filing shall state its proposed effective date,  
6 which shall not be prior to the date that the director receives the  
7 filing. Instead of a specific date, a filing may indicate that it  
8 will be effective a reasonable specified period of time after  
9 approval or that the insurer will notify the director of the  
10 effective date within ninety days after approval.

11 (3) Every policy form filing shall explain the intended  
12 use of such policy forms. Filings shall include a list of policy  
13 forms that will be replaced when the approval of a filing will  
14 result in the replacement of previously approved policy forms. In  
15 addition, insurers shall maintain listings of policy forms that  
16 have been filed and approved by the director so that such listings  
17 can be provided upon request.

18 (4) If additional information is needed to complete  
19 review of a policy form filing, the director may require the filer  
20 to furnish the information and in that event the review period in  
21 subsection (10) of this section shall commence on the date such  
22 information is received by the director. If a filer fails to  
23 furnish the required information within ninety days, the director  
24 may, by written notice sent to the insurer, deem the filing as  
25 withdrawn and not available for use.

26 (5) An insurer may authorize the director to accept  
27 policy form filings made on its behalf by an advisory organization.

28 (6)(a) Subject to the following requirements, policy



1 forms unique in character and designed for and used with regard to  
2 an individual risk under common ownership subject to the rate  
3 filing provisions of section 44-7508 shall be exempt from the  
4 approval requirements contained in subsection (1) of this section.

5 (b) At the earliest practical opportunity, but no later  
6 than thirty days after the effective date of the policy using  
7 unfiled provisions, the insurer shall provide the prospective  
8 insured with a written listing of the policy forms that have not  
9 been approved by the director and receive written acknowledgment  
10 from prospective insureds for which it ultimately provides  
11 coverage. This requirement does not apply to renewals using the  
12 same unfiled policy forms.

13 (c) A policy form that has been used in this state or  
14 elsewhere by the insurer for another risk shall not be subject to  
15 the exemption provided by this subsection, except that an insurer  
16 may use a policy form previously developed for a single risk for a  
17 second risk if the policy form is filed for approval within sixty  
18 days after its second usage.

19 (d) The exemption provided by this subsection shall not  
20 apply to excess workers' compensation or to policy forms that,  
21 prior to their use by the insurer, had been filed by an advisory  
22 organization in this state or had been filed by the insurer in any  
23 jurisdiction, regardless of whether approval was received.

24 (e) The director may by rules and regulations or by order  
25 make specific restrictions relating to the exemption provided by  
26 this subsection and may require the informational filing of policy  
27 forms subject to such exemption within a reasonable time after  
28 their use.

1           (7) The director may by rules and regulations suspend or  
2 modify the filing requirements of this section as to any type of  
3 insurance or class of risk for which policy forms cannot  
4 practicably be filed before they are used. The director may  
5 examine insurers as is necessary to ascertain whether any policy  
6 forms affected by such rules and regulations meet the standards  
7 contained in the act.

8           (8) No filing or any supporting information provided by  
9 an insurer pursuant to this section shall be open to public  
10 inspection pursuant to sections 84-712 to 84-712.09 before the  
11 approval or disapproval of the filing unless publicly disclosed in  
12 an open court, open administrative proceeding, or open meeting or  
13 disclosed by the director pursuant to statute. Correspondence  
14 specifically relating to individual risks shall be confidential and  
15 may not be made public by the director except as may be compiled in  
16 summaries of such activity.

17           (9) The director shall review filings as soon as  
18 reasonably possible after they have been made. The director shall  
19 disapprove a filing that contains provisions, exceptions, or  
20 conditions that: (a) Are unjust, unfair, ambiguous, inconsistent,  
21 inequitable, misleading, deceptive, or contrary to public policy;  
22 (b) are written so as to encourage the misrepresentation of  
23 coverage; (c) fail to reasonably provide the general coverage for  
24 policies of that type; (d) fail to comply with the provisions or  
25 the intent of the laws of this state; or (e) would provide coverage  
26 contrary to the public interest.

27           (10) Within thirty days after receipt, the director shall  
28 approve filings that meet the requirements of the act, except that

1 this review period may be extended for an additional period not to  
2 exceed thirty days if the director gives written notice within the  
3 original review period to the insurer or advisory organization. A  
4 filing shall be deemed to meet the requirements of the act unless  
5 disapproved by the director within the review period or any  
6 extension thereof.

7 (11) If, within the review period provided by subsection  
8 (10) of this section or any extension thereof, the director finds  
9 that a filing does not meet the requirements of the act, a written  
10 disapproval notice shall be sent to the insurer. Such notice shall  
11 specify in what respects the filing fails to meet these  
12 requirements and state that such filing shall not become effective.

13 (12) Filings shall become effective on their proposed  
14 effective date if approved or deemed approved on or before that  
15 date. Filings approved or deemed approved after their proposed  
16 effective dates shall become effective after notification by the  
17 insurer of a revised effective date, which shall not be prior to  
18 the date that the insurer mails the notification to the director.  
19 If an insurer fails to furnish a revised effective date within a  
20 reasonable period of time not less than ninety days, the director  
21 may, by written notice sent to the insurer, deem the filing as  
22 withdrawn and not available for use.

23 (13) An insurer or advisory organization whose filing is  
24 disapproved may, within thirty days after receipt of a disapproval  
25 notice, request a hearing in accordance with section 44-7532.

26 (14) If, at any time after approval, the director finds  
27 that a policy form, attachment rule, or modification thereof does  
28 not meet or no longer meets the requirements of the act, the

1 director shall hold a hearing in accordance with section 44-7532.

2 (15) Any insured aggrieved with respect to any filing may  
3 make written application to the director for a hearing on such  
4 filing. The hearing application shall specify the grounds to be  
5 relied upon by the applicant. If the director finds that the  
6 hearing application is made in good faith, that a remedy would be  
7 available if the grounds are established, or that such grounds  
8 otherwise justify holding a hearing, the director shall hold a  
9 hearing in accordance with section 44-7532.

10 (16) If, after a hearing initiated pursuant to subsection  
11 (14) or (15) of this section, the director finds that a filing does  
12 not meet the requirements of the act, the director shall issue an  
13 order stating in what respects such filing fails to meet the  
14 requirements and when, within a reasonable period thereafter, such  
15 policy form or attachment rule shall no longer be used. Copies of  
16 the order shall be sent to the applicant, if applicable, and to  
17 every affected insurer and advisory organization. The order shall  
18 not affect any contract or policy made or issued prior to the  
19 expiration of the period set forth in the order.

20 Sec. 39. Section 44-7515, Revised Statutes Supplement,  
21 2000, is amended to read:

22 44-7515. (1) The director shall adopt and promulgate  
23 rules and regulations to modify or eliminate requirements for  
24 insurers to use filed rates and policy forms for commercial  
25 policyholders under common ownership identified through the  
26 application of subsection (4) of this section.

27 (2) The rules and regulations adopted and promulgated  
28 pursuant to this section may establish requirements and thresholds

1 that differ by line or type of insurance or that differ for rates  
2 and policy forms.

3 (3) The rules and regulations adopted and promulgated  
4 pursuant to this section shall require insurers to inform exempt  
5 commercial policyholders ~~prior to~~ at the earliest practical date,  
6 but no later than thirty days after the inception of coverage, of  
7 those policy forms applying to them that have not been approved by  
8 the director.

9 (4) The director shall consider the following factors in  
10 determining those commercial policyholders to which the rules and  
11 regulations adopted and promulgated pursuant to this section shall  
12 apply:

13 (a) For modification or elimination of the applicability  
14 of filed rates, characteristics of insureds that are likely to  
15 avail themselves of regular price comparisons between competing  
16 insurers and are likely to study and understand the differences and  
17 details of pricing proposals that they receive;

18 (b) For modification or elimination of the applicability  
19 of filed rates, characteristics of insureds for which filed rates  
20 and rating plans are less likely to provide the lowest premiums  
21 otherwise consistent with the provisions of the Property and  
22 Casualty Insurance Rate and Form Act;

23 (c) Modification or elimination of the applicability of  
24 filed rates for commercial insureds that are primarily located in  
25 another jurisdiction where they are subject to similar exemptions  
26 or waivers in that jurisdiction;

27 (d) For modification or elimination of the applicability  
28 of filed policy forms, characteristics of insureds that are likely

1 to study and understand the details of their business risks and  
2 insurance coverages and exclusions;

3 (e) For modification or elimination of the applicability  
4 of filed policy forms, characteristics of insureds that are likely  
5 to require individually written policies, as contrasted to insureds  
6 that can customarily have their coverage needs met using policy  
7 forms that could also be used for other insureds;

8 (f) For both rates and policy forms, favorable or adverse  
9 experiences with the modification or elimination of regulatory  
10 requirements, especially the experience in this state; and

11 (g) Any other relevant factor.

12 (5) For exempt commercial policyholders to which rating  
13 system regulation is made otherwise inapplicable, insurers shall  
14 allocate premiums between policies, exposures, and states in  
15 proportion to the expected losses and expenses for those policies,  
16 exposures, and states.

17 (6) The following restrictions apply to rules and  
18 regulations adopted and promulgated pursuant to this section:

19 (a) The rules and regulations may not allow any reduction  
20 of the benefits payable under workers' compensation or excess  
21 workers' compensation policies or any alteration of provisions for  
22 the handling and settlement of claims under such policies, but the  
23 rules and regulations may allow exempt commercial policyholders to  
24 negotiate workers' compensation or excess workers' compensation  
25 premiums and premium payment provisions;

26 (b) The rules and regulations may not allow any reduction  
27 of automobile insurance coverage limits to less than those required  
28 by Nebraska law, but the rules and regulations may allow exempt

1 commercial policyholders to negotiate automobile insurance premiums  
2 and premium payment provisions;

3 (c) The rules and regulations may not allow any  
4 limitation of the coverage provisions necessary for health care  
5 providers to qualify under the Nebraska Hospital-Medical Liability  
6 Act, but the rules and regulations may allow exempt commercial  
7 policyholders to negotiate medical professional liability insurance  
8 premiums and premium payment provisions;

9 (d) The rules and regulations may not reduce the rate  
10 regulatory requirements applying to any policyholder with total  
11 premiums of less than twenty-five thousand dollars for lines of  
12 insurance subject to the Property and Casualty Insurance Rate and  
13 Form Act; and

14 (e) The rules and regulations may not reduce the form  
15 regulatory requirements applying to any policyholder with total  
16 premiums of less than fifty thousand dollars for lines of insurance  
17 subject to the Property and Casualty Insurance Rate and Form Act.

18 Sec. 40. If an employer of a farm or ranch laborer has  
19 not elected to bring the farm or ranch laborer within the  
20 provisions of the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Act pursuant to  
21 section 48-106 and a health, accident, or other insurance policy or  
22 self-funded employee benefit plan, to the extent not preempted by  
23 federal law, that covers the farm or ranch laborer is issued or  
24 renewed on or after January 1, 2003, and contains an exclusion of  
25 coverage for work-related injuries or illnesses: The exclusion  
26 shall be null and void as to the farm or ranch laborer for  
27 work-related injuries or illnesses sustained in the course of  
28 employment with that employer if the farm or ranch laborer would

1 have been entitled to workers' compensation coverage if the  
2 employer had elected to bring the farm or ranch laborer within the  
3 provisions of the Nebraska Workers' Compensation Act.

4           Sec. 41.   Original sections 44-1527, 44-1994, 44-2127,  
5 44-2845, 44-32,161, 44-4834, 44-4842, 44-4859, 44-5120, 44-5260,  
6 44-5261, 44-5601, 44-5603, 44-5814, 44-5815, and 44-6916, Reissue  
7 Revised Statutes of Nebraska, sections 44-787, 44-19,116, 44-5223,  
8 44-5225, 44-5246.02, 44-5504, 44-6901, 44-6915, 44-6918, 44-7505,  
9 44-7509, 44-7510, 44-7511, 44-7513, and 44-7515, Revised Statutes  
10 Supplement, 2000, and section 44-5503, Revised Statutes Supplement,  
11 2001, are repealed.